

<http://aris.gusc.lv/2018-19MFArz1LekcLdVK1sem006.pdf>; sanāksme 11.07.2018., protokola nr. 24.14.-3/2

Study course "**Medical Chemistry**" Winter semester 2018/19 Year 1, Semester 1

**Lectures (Sep 7 – Oct 3); On Wednesday, Lecture hall 3, 14:00 – 15:30(2 x 45 min lectures)**

Week	Lecture topic
1. Sep 5, 2018	a) Colligative properties, concentration expressions, electrolytes, osmosis. b) Oxidation-reduction processes, Nernst's potential; <a href="http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/ColigatConcOsmosOxRed.pdf">http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/ColigatConcOsmosOxRed.pdf</a> ;
2. Sep 12, 2018	a) Metabolism Thermodynamics, Homeostasis, Chemical equilibrium, Le Chatelier. Kinetics, catalysts, enzymatic and non enzymatic hazards ,oxidative stress, acidoze b) Water dissociation, pH, pOH, pKw, Ostwald's dilution Law; <a href="http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/ThermEquilibrKinEnz.pdf">http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/ThermEquilibrKinEnz.pdf</a> ; <a href="http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/ThermEquilibrH2O.pdf">ThermKinEquilibrH2O.pdf</a>
3. Sep 19, 2018	a) Buffer solutions, buffer systems in human body, pH Ostwald dilution law Buffer Physiologic pH=7.36 stability in Human body b) Atoms, molecules, types of bonds and interaction forces; <a href="http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/BufCO2AtomBond.pdf">http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/BufCO2AtomBond.pdf</a> ; <a href="http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/AtomBondMolForce.pdf">AtomBondMolForce.pdf</a>
4. Sep 26, 2018	a) Carbohydrates in human organism b) Amino acids, Polypeptides and Proteins in human organism; <a href="http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/CarbohydratesProteins.pdf">http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/CarbohydratesProteins.pdf</a>
5. Oct 3, 2018	a) Lipids and surface active compounds in human organism b) Complex proteins: Glyco-, Chromo-, Lipo-and Nucleo-proteins in human organism; <a href="http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/LipCholestFatSAC.pdf">http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/LipCholestFatSAC.pdf</a>

**Practical laboratory classes (Sep 11 – Jan 20)**

Room and time– **According to individual group Schedule** (duration 2 h 15 min)

Week	Practical class topic
1.Sep 11-17	Amounts of substance, solvent, solution, dilution, molar concentration molarity, mol fraction, mass fraction (in percent's %), salts-acids-bases dissociation stoichiometry, dissociation degree, isotonic coefficient, ionic force, concentration gradient osmolar pressure on cell membrane
2.Sep 18-24	Oxidation-reduction half reactions balancing of electrons for resolving the reaction equations Nernst's potential: acidoze, oxidative stress as non-enzymatic oxidation hazards for damages in organisms
3.Sep 25-30	Metabolism Thermodynamics , neutralisation reaction Evaluation of Thermodynamics criteria enthalpy H, entropy S and free Gibb's energy G in studies of biochemical reactions: Photosynthesis, Glucose biooxidation, Respiration Thermodynamics
4.Oct 2 Oct 8	Reaction kinetics – reaction velocity depends to concentration proportionally, reaction velocity constant, activation energy Ea, half-life period, types of catalysis, enzyme driven processes, non enzymatic hazards of parallel and radical-chain reactions. Practical studies of active mass Law
5.Oct 9-15	Equilibrium constant $K_{eq}$ expression, factors (concentration, gradient, T, $\Delta G_r$ ) affecting the constant $K_{eq}$ , the solubility product $K_{sp}$ and crystalline compound mol fraction $N_x=1$ , Le Chatelier's Principle (Theorem) concentration gradient driven homeostasis processes in osmosis $H_2O+O_2$ , shuttle of $O_2$ , $H^+$ , $HCO_3^-$ hemoglobin and respiration of $O_2$ , $CO_2$
6.Oct 16-22	<b>Colloquium I</b> Osmolar concentration, gradient osmotic pressure $\pi=iCMRT$ , mol fraction. Cryoscopy constant $K_{cr}=1.86$ for osmometer. Concentrations w%, $c_M$ , mass, molar mass, number of moles, mol fraction. Ox-Red reactions balance electrons in half reactions. I, II Law of Thermodynamics: exothermic or endothermic, exoergic or endoergic reactions are or not spontaneous. Equilibrium constant $K_{eq}$ solubility product $K_{sp}$ . Reaction velocity and velocity constant. Reactions enzymatic benefit and non-enzymatic hazards.
7.Oct 23-29	pH calculation for acids, bases, salts and neutralisation reactions pK values; Ostwald's dilution law pH calculation for weak electrolytes and amino acids
8.Oct 30-5	Practical studies of Henderson–Haselbalh equation titration graph and it's analysis buffer middle point $pH=pK_a$ and equivalence point experimental determination and analysis
9.Nov 6-12	Buffer solutions at middle point $pH=pK_a$ , buffer capacity $\beta_{max}$ maximum studies. Physiological $pH=7,36$ of human blood Carbonic Anhydrase and Shuttle hemoglobin of $H^+$ , $HCO_3^-$ , $O_2$ in human stabilise physiologic $pH=7,36$
10. Nov 13-19	Complex formation and destruction studies. Complex dissociation and instability constant $K_{instab}$ . Complex in human geometry and oxidised form vitamin B2 "JunyWay" spectrophotometry $A=\log(I_0/I)$ ; $A=aCl$

Week	Practical class topic
11.	<b>Colloquium II</b> Water dissociation and ionization. Protolytic acid base theory and acid base reactions. Salt hydrolyze. Buffer solutions Henderson-Haselbalh $pH=pK_a+\lg(\frac{nsalt}{nacid})$ and buffer capacity 13ac, 13b. RedOx and membrane potentials. Trans membrane channels and metabolic transport. Coordinative compounds. B2 vitamin oxidized form light absorption: $A=\log(I_0/I)$ ; $A=aCl$ . Spectrometry.
12. Nov 27 - 03 Dec	Monosaccharide properties (main functional groups, atom chirality, numbering) Forms of carbohydrate projections (linear Fisher projections and cyclic Haworth projections) Monosaccharide chemical properties – hydrolysis, oxidation, reduction, complex formation, esterification
13. Dec 04 - 10	Condensation-synthesis of mono saccharides; hydrolysis of di- and polysaccharides. Glycosidic bond formation. Di- and polysaccharide structures drawing, identification and publication
14. Dec 11 – 17	Peptide and protein primary 1° structure synthesis (poly condensation) and hydrolyse reactions Protein primary 1° structure folding and assemble to secondary 2°, tertiary 3°, quaternary 4° structures Intermolecular forces: hydrogen bond, salt bridge, hydrophobic, disulphide and coordinative bonds Protein denaturation: destroying intermolecular forces in naturally formed protein 2°, 3°, 4° structures
15. Jan 2 – 07	Lipids as well as Surface active substances (SAC) in human organism. Esterification and hydrolysis of fats, oils, phospholipids, sphingolipids. Human cell membrane related lipids sphingolipids, eicosanoids, cholesterol, steroids. Membrane phospholipid - cholesterol composition in erythrocytes.
16. Jan 8 – 14	Complex proteins – glyco, chromo, nucleo, lipoprotein vesicles, Lipocalins, Albumin, LDL, HDL (extra cellular) and START, FABP(intracellular) lipoproteins.
17.	Jan 15 – 19 <b>Colloquium III</b>

**Final Exam: Tuesday, January 22, 2019**

Lecture halls Nr 2

**Lecturers:** RSU department of Human Physiology and Biochemistry

Assist. Professor **Agnese Brangule**, Assist. Professor **Āris Kaksis**, lecturer **Mihails Halitovs**

**Literature: Literatūra :** 2018.gada 2017.gada, 2015.gada, 2014. gada mācību grāmatas, lekcijas, publikācijas.

1. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: [http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/Data\\_bookSpring2015CT.pdf](http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/Data_bookSpring2015CT.pdf)
1. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/ColigatConcOsmosOxRed.pdf>
2. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/OxRedBiologicalW.doc>
3. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/ElektrodsAM.doc>
4. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/MembraneElektrodsAM.pdf>
5. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/ThermEquilibrKinEnz.pdf>
6. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/BioThermodynamics.pdf>
7. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/Kinetics.pdf>
8. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/ColigativeProperties.pdf>
9. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/74LidzsvarsDabaEngl.pdf>
10. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/H2OBufersCO2.pdf>
11. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/H2ODissociation.pdf>
12. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/BufferSolution.pdf>
13. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/AtomBondMolForce.pdf>
14. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/34AtomaUzbuveSAngl.pdf>
15. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/CrystalloGraphy.pdf>
16. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/4KimiskaSaiteAngl.pdf>
- 16a. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/4KompleksiA.pdf>
17. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/4HydrogenBond.pdf>
18. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/NutritionBioChem/38Olbalt10311Eng.pdf>
19. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/NutritionBioChem/32ProteinsC.pdf>
20. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/CarbohydratesProteins.pdf>
21. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/LipidiEng.pdf>
22. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/06Daugavpils/Research/LipdBiLayerMembran.pdf>
23. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/LipCholestFatSAC.pdf>
24. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/NutritionBioChem/35Ogl45Hidr150211Eng.pdf>
25. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/NutritionBioChem/12CarbohydratesDisacchari.pdf>
26. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/NutritionBioChem/38Olbalt10311Eng.pdf>
27. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/NutritionBioChem/32ProteinsC.pdf>
28. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/ChemFiles/FatAcLiverProt11/1/FABP8myp2PMP2.pdf>
29. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/06Daugavpils/Research/HSAs.pdf>
30. A. Rauhvarger. <http://aris.gusc.lv/GenChem93/ChemistryRauhvarger.html> in RSU e- studies
31. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/DNAproteinRNAS.pdf>
32. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/ImmunoGlobulASmed.pdf>
33. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/NutritionBioChem/39NuklSk310311Eng.pdf>
34. Ā.Kaksis RSU 2018: <http://aris.gusc.lv/BioThermodynamics/FABPlipocalinsAS.pdf>

Study Course Information			
Course code:	CFUBK_006	Branch of science:	Chemistry; Medical Chemistry
Course level:	Level 6	Credit points:	3
Target audience:	Medicine	ECTS points:	4,5
Course Author			
Course author:	Assistant Professor Aris Kaksis; <a href="mailto:Aris.Kaksis@rsu.lv">Aris.Kaksis@rsu.lv</a>		
Course Implementer			
Academic unit:	Department of Human Physiology and Biochemistry		
Head of academic unit:	Pēteris Tretjakovs		
Contact information:	Dzirciema iela 16, Rīga, LV-1007, phone: +371 67061550; <a href="mailto:cfbk@rsu.lv">e-mail: cfbk@rsu.lv</a>		
Planning of the Course			
Length of lectures:	2 academic hours	Length of classes:	2 academic hours
Full-time studies:	0 lectures, 0 classes; 0 contact hours.		
Part-time studies:	0 lectures, 0 classes; 0 contact hours.		
Course Description			
Prerequisites:			
Language skills (spoken and written), mathematics (algebra and geometry), chemistry, physics and biology (within the secondary school program).			
Course objective:			
to promote modern concept formation about the substance basics of life processes in the human organism, including metabolic pathways and composition of the human body and its functions, as well as understanding of biochemical mechanisms and biomedical properties in order to identify the causes of diseases and to find scientific solutions to medical problems.			

**Topic outline of the study course:**

No	Topic	Type of	Number	Venue
1.	Amounts of substance, solvent, solution, dilution, molar concentration molarity, mol fraction, mass fraction (in percent's %), salts-acids-bases dissociation stoichiometry, dissociation degree, isotonic coefficient, ionic force total ions concentration, concentration gradient $\Delta C_{osm}$ osmolar pressure $\pi$ on cell membrane	implementation Practice	1	laboratory
1.	a) Colligative properties, concentration expressions, electrolytes, osmosis. b) Oxidation-reduction processes, Nernst's potential, acidose.oxidative stres;	Lecture	1	auditory
2.	Oxidation-reduction half reactions balancing of electrons for resolving the reaction equations Nernst's potential: acidosis, oxidative stress as non-enzymatic oxidation hazards for damages in organisms	Practice	1	laboratory
2.	a) Thermodynamics, Homeostasis, Chemical equilibrium, Le Chatelier's. Kinetics. b) Water dissociation, pH, pOH, pKw, Ostwald's dilution Law	Lecture	1	auditory
3.	Thermodynamics analyses of neutralisation reaction Evaluation of Thermodynamics criteria enthalpy H, entropy S and free Gibb's energy G in studies of biochemical reactions: Photosynthesis, Glucose biooxidation, Respiration Thermodynamics	Practice	1	laboratory
3.	a) Buffer solutions, buffer systems in human body, pH of a buffer system b) Atoms, molecules, types of bonds and interaction forces	Lecture	1	auditory
4.	Chemical reaction kinetics – reaction velocity depends to concentration proportionally, reaction velocity constant, activation energy $E_A$ half-life period, types of catalysis, enzyme driven processes. Practical studies of active mass Law	Practice	1	laboratory
4.	a) Carbohydrates in human organism b) Amino acids, Polypeptides and Proteins in human organism	Lecture	1	auditory
5.	Equilibrium constant $K_{eq}$ expression, factors (concentration, gradient, T, $\Delta G_r$ ) affecting the constant $K_{eq}$ , the solubility product $K_{sp}$ and crystal compound mol fraction $N_x=1$ , Le Chatelier Principle (Theorem) concentration gradient driven homeostasis processes in osmosis $H_2O+O_2$ , shuttle of $O_2$ , $H^+$ , $HCO_3^-$ hemoglobin and respiration of $O_2$ , $CO_2$	Practice	1	laboratory
5.	a) Lipids and surface active compounds in human organism b) Complex proteins: Glyco, Chromo, Lipo and Nucleoproteins	Lecture	1	auditory

6.	I colloquium. Osmolar concentration, gradient osmotic pressure $\pi=iCMRT$ , mol fraction. Cryoscopy constant $K_c=1.86$ for osmometer. Concentrations w%, $c_M$ , mass, molar mass, number of moles, mol fraction. Ox-Red reactions balance electrons in half reactions. I, II Law of Thermodynamics: exothermic or endothermic, exoergic or endoergic reactions are or not spontaneous. Equilibrium constant $K_{eq}$ solubility product $K_{sp}$ . Reaction velocity and velocity constant. Reactions enzymatic benefit and non-enzymatic hazards.	Practice	1	laboratory
7.	pH calculation for acids, bases, salts and neutralization reactions pK values; Ostwald's dilution law pH calculation for weak electrolytes and amino acids	Practice	1	laboratory
8.	Studies of Henderson–Haselbalh equation with titration graph. Buffer middle point $pH=pK$ and equivalence point $V_{eq}$ experimental observation and analyses.	Practice	1	laboratory
9.	Buffer solutions, pH calculations, maximal buffer capacity $\beta_{max}$ studies. Blood enzymes carbonic anhydrase-hemoglobin shuttle buffered physiologic $pH=7,36$ stability	Practice	1	laboratory
10	Complex formation and destruction studies. Complex dissociation and instability constant $K_{instab}$ . Geometry of complex compounds and related substances in human body. B2 vitamin oxidized form light absorption studies: $A=\log(I_0/I)$ ; $A=aCl$ . Spectrometry.	Practice	1	laboratory
11	II colloquium Water dissociation and ionization. Protolytic acid base theory and acid base reactions. Salt hydrolyze. Buffer solutions Henderson-Haselbalh $pH=pK_a+\lg(n_{salt}/n_{acid})$ and buffer capacity $13ac$ , $13b$ . RedOx and membrane potentials. Trans membrane channels and metabolic transport. Coordinative compounds. B2 vitamin oxidized form light absorption: $A=\log(I_0/I)$ ; $A=aCl$ . Spectrometry.	Practice	1	laboratory
12	Monosaccharide functional groups, chirality-optical isomerism. Carbohydrate projections linear Fisher projections and cyclic Haworth projections. Monosaccharide properties: oxidation, reduction, complex formation, esterification, hydrolyse	Practice	1	laboratory
13	Condensation of mono saccharides and opposite hydrolysis of di and polysaccharides. glycosidic bond formation. Drawing di and polysaccharides	Practice	1	laboratory
14	Peptide and protein primary $1^\circ$ structure synthesis (poly condensation) and hydrolyse. Protein primary $1^\circ$ structure folding and assemble to secondary $2^\circ$ , tertiary $3^\circ$ , quaternary $4^\circ$ structures. Intermolecular forces: hydrogen bond, salt bridge, hydrophobic, disulphide and coordinative bonds. Protein denaturation destroying intermolecular forces in protein $2^\circ$ , $3^\circ$ , $4^\circ$ structures	Practice	1	laboratory
15	Lipids and Surface active compounds SAC in human organism. Esterification and hydrolysis. Cell membrane composite lipids: fats, oils, phospho, sphingo, eicosanoids, cholesterol, steroids. Composite lipids double layer studies for cell membranes and physiologic functions.	Practice	1	laboratory
16	Complex proteins – glyco, chromo, nucleo, lipoprotein vesicles, Lipocalins, albumin (extra cellular) and START (intracellular) lipo proteins.	Practice	1	laboratory
17	III colloquium Carbohydrates. Blood oligosaccharides. Proteins primary $1^\circ$ , secondary $2^\circ$ , tertiary $3^\circ$ , quaternary $4^\circ$ structures. Five intermolecular forces. Hemoglobin, myoglobin carbonic anhydrase enzymes governed oxygen $O_2$ carbon dioxide $CO_2$ metabolism physiologic $pH=7.36$ stability. Denaturation of proteins. Lipoprotein functions. Lipocalins and START with cholesterol and composite lipids in membrane metabolism, Albumin, chylomicrons, VLDL, LDL & HDL. Nucleo proteins DNS, tRNS, mRNS-codons, Nucleo somes 8 Histons.	Practice	1	laboratory

**Students' independent work and tasks:**

Independent studies of original sources, preparation of conclusions for laboratory work.

**Learning outcomes:**

**Knowledge:** Upon successful completion of the course the students will be able to: - define and explain the concepts of medical chemistry and static biochemistry;

- describe quantitative and qualitative relationship between chemical processes;
- estimate the role of the oxygen, glucose, CO<sub>2</sub> and osmolar concentration and blood pH levels;
- explain the main principles how the ion channels influence membrane potential;
- contrast the impact of natural substances used in healthy nutrition and the impact of harmful compounds.

**Practical Skills:** Students will be able to:

- analyses biological functions of the compounds exchange and states of homeostasis;
- estimate metabolic pathways and conversion into equivalent amounts, taking into consideration law of conservation of mass-energy;
- analyses integration of the atomic properties of chemical elements and conversion into molecular buildings and aggregate properties in order to estimate interaction with environment and integrated compound exchange for maintenance of living functions.

This will be reflected in the conclusions of the students' papers, conclusions of laboratory work, tests and colloquia.

**Clinical skills: Field Level Title**

**Competence:** Students will be able to use their knowledge of the various processes and mechanisms of Medical Chemistry and practical skills in assessing the functionality of processes and mechanisms for drawing proficient, integrated conclusions on the life homeostasis taking place in the body.

<b>Final examination:</b>	Exam
<b>Assessment criteria:</b>	
colloquia, written tests and a test on conclusions of laboratory work; an examination at the end of the course.	
<b>Readings:</b>	
<b>Recommended:</b>	1. A. Rauhvarger © 1993. General Chemistry. For Medical Students. Riga, AML. Part I, II, III, IV. <a href="http://aris.gusc.lv/GenChem93/ChemistryRauhvarger.html">http://aris.gusc.lv/GenChem93/ChemistryRauhvarger.html</a>
	2. A.Kaksis. "General Medical Chemistry", Med. Biochemistry Data Base RSU department, 2018.g, in RSU <i>e- studies</i> Lectures and practicals references in Home Page: <a href="http://aris.gusc.lv/2018-19MFArz1LekcLdVK1sem006.pdf">http://aris.gusc.lv/2018-19MFArz1LekcLdVK1sem006.pdf</a>
	3. D.L. Nelson, M.M. Cox. Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry, 2005: 1119.
<b>Optional:</b>	1. P.W. Atkins. Physical Chemistry (7th ed. Oxford University Press), 2006: 480.
	2. CRC Handbook of Chemistry and Physics 89Ed David R. Lide New York, 2009: 2388p. 2. A.Kaksis. "General Medical Chemistry", Med. Biochemistry Data Base RSU department, 2018.g, in RSU <i>e- studies</i> Lectures and practicals references in Home Page: <a href="http://aris.gusc.lv/">http://aris.gusc.lv/</a>
<b>Other sources:</b>	nav uzdoti