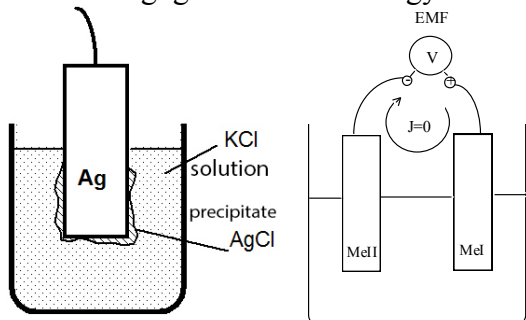


II type Prigogine attractors for electrodes of metals Ag, Hg, Pb, Al, Ca, Mg with precipitates.

Prigogine absolute energy attractors for dissolution, protolysis, and oxidation of silver compounds.



K^+Cl^- solution, counter-ions Cl^- of $AgCl$ insoluble salt. Nernst's half reactions for electrode of silver metal Ag. Electric potential in volt measurement by couple of electrodes Electric Motion Force EMF in Volts. Between the indicator electrodes MeI and the reference electrode MeII connected in a closed electrical circuit, the potential of the MeI indicator electrode EI is calculated as the sum: $EI=EMS+EII$. The standard reference electrode EII serves as a constant value of potential and chloride concentration.

The silver I-type electrode: $Ag(s)+H_2O=Ag^++e^-$ absolute potential is expression standard potential $E^\circ_{Classic}=0.7996\text{ V}$ [1], water logarithm -0.103 and sum $\Delta E^\circ=0.10166-0.37239$: $E_{Ag/Ag^+}=E^\circ_{classic}-0.0591/1*\lg(1/[H_2O]^1)+\Delta E^\circ=0.7996+0.103+0.10166-0.37239=0.631865\text{ V}$.

$$\Delta G_{eq_Ag}=E^\circ_{Ag}\cdot F\cdot n=0.631865*96485*1=60,9655\text{ kJ/mol},$$

$$\Delta G_{eq_Ag}=G_{Ag^+}+G_{e^-}-(G_{Ag}+G_{H_2O})=103,825+0-(42,8595+0)=60,9655\text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{Ag}=G_{Ag^+}+G_{e^-}-(\Delta G_{eq_Ag}+G_{H_2O})=103,825+0-(60,9655+0)=42,8595\text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{Ag^+}=\Delta G_{eq_As}-G_{e^-}+(G_{Ag}+G_{H_2O})=60,9655-0+(42,855+0)=103,825\text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{e^-}=\Delta G_{eq_Ag}-G_{Ag^+}+(G_{Ag}+G_{H_2O})=60,9655-103,825+(42,8595+0)=0,0\text{ kJ/mol};$$

Formation $Ag+0,5Cl_2^{gas}=AgCl$; $\Delta G^\circ_{eqAgCl}=G_{AgCl}-(G_{Ag}+0,5*G_{Cl_2^{gas}})=130,236-(42,8595+197,1765)=-109,8\text{ kJ/mol}$;

$$G_{Cl_2^{gas}}=2*(G_{AgCl}-(G_{Ag}+\Delta G^\circ_{eq_AgCl}))=2*(130,236-(42,8595-109,8))=2*197,1765=394,353\text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{AgCl}=\Delta G^\circ_{eq_AgCl}+(G_{Ag}+0,5*G_{Cl_2^{gas}})=-109,8+(42,8595+394,353/2)=130,236\text{ kJ/mol};$$

Formation $Ag=Ag^++e^-$; $\Delta G_{eq_Ag}=G_{Ag^+}+G_{e^-}-(G_{Ag})=103,825+16,1345-(42,8595)=77,1\text{ kJ/mol}$; [1]

$$G_{e^-}=\Delta G_{eq_Ag}-G_{Ag^+}+(G_{Ag})=77,1-103,825+(42,8595)=16,1345\text{ kJ/mol};$$

Solubility equilibrium on mol fractions $AgCl(s)+2H_2O=Cl^-+Ag^+$ absolute constant :

$$K_{AbsoluteAgCl}=K_{spAgCl}/[H_2O]^2=[Ag^+][Cl^-]/[AgCl(s)]/[H_2O]^2=1.77*10^{(-10)}/55.3^2=10^{(-13,2375)};$$

$$\Delta G_{spAgCl}=-R\cdot T\cdot \ln(K_{spAgCl})=-8,3144*298,15*\ln(10^{(-13,2375)})=75,559\text{ kJ/mol}; \text{ kompensē ūdens molekulu}$$

$$\Delta G_{spAgCl}=G_{Ag^+}+G_{Cl^-}-(G_{AgCl}+2G_{H_2O})=103,825+101,97-(130,236+2*0)=75,559\text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{Cl^-}=\Delta G_{spAgCl}-G_{Ag^+}+(G_{AgCl}+2G_{H_2O})=75,559-103,825+(130,236+2*0)=101,97\text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{AgCl}=G_{Ag^+}+G_{Cl^-}-(\Delta G_{spAgCl}+2G_{H_2O})=103,825+101,97-(75,559+2*0)=130,236\text{ kJ/mol};$$

Substance	$\Delta H^\circ_H\text{ kJ/mol}$	$\Delta S^\circ_J\text{ /mol/K}$	$\Delta G^\circ_H\text{ kJ/mol}$	ion $G_{Ag^+}=103.8\text{ kJ/mol}$ over $G_{Ag}=42.855\text{ kJ/mol}$ element 60.945 ;[8]
Ag	$E^\circ_{Ag/Ag^+}=$	-0,6319 V	42,8595	$G_{Ag}=G_{Ag^+}-(\Delta G_{eqAg}+G_{H_2O})=103,825-(60,9655+0)=42,8595\text{ kJ/mol}$; [8]
Ag	$E^\circ_{Ag/AgCl}=$	-0,151395	42,87335	$G_{Ag}=G_{AgCl}+G_{H_2O}-(\Delta G_{eq_Ag}+G_{Cl^-})=42,85335\text{ kJ/mol}$;
Ag ⁺	105,6	72,7	77,1	$\Delta G_{AgCl}=\Delta H_H-T*\Delta S_H=105,6-298,15*0,0727=83,9245\text{ kJ/mol}$; [1]
Ag ⁺ G _{e⁻}	Formation	77,1	16,1345	$G_{e^-}=\Delta G_{eq_Ag}-G_{Ag^+}+(G_{Ag})=83,9245-103,825+(42,8595)=16,1345\text{ kJ/mol}$;
Ag ⁺	$E^\circ_{Ag}=$	0,631865	103,825	$G_{Ag^+}=\Delta G_{eq_As}+(G_{Ag}+G_{H_2O})=60,95+(42,855+0)=103,825\text{ kJ/mol}$;
AgCl(s)	-127,0	96,25	-109,8	$\Delta G_{AgCl}=\Delta H_H-T*\Delta S_H=-127,0-298,15*0,09625=-155,71\text{ kJ/mol}$; [1]
AgCl(s)	formation	-109,8	130,236	$G_{AgCl}=\Delta G^\circ_{eq_AgCl}+(G_{Ag}+0,5*G_{Cl_2^{gas}})=130,236\text{ kJ/mol}$;
AgCl(s)	$K_{spAgCl}=$	$10^{(-13,2375)}$	130,236	$G_{AgCl}=G_{Ag^+}+G_{Cl^-}-(\Delta G_{spAgCl}+2G_{H_2O})=130,236\text{ kJ/mol}$;
Cl ₂ ^{gas}	-109,8; AgCl ₃ formation		394,353	$G_{Cl_2^{gas}}=2*(G_{AgCl}-(G_{Ag}+\Delta G^\circ_{eq_AgCl}))=2*197,1765=394,353\text{ kJ/mol}$;
Cl ⁻ (aq)	$K_{spAgCl}=$	$10^{(-13,2375)}$	101,97	$G_{Cl^-}=\Delta G_{spAgCl}-G_{Ag^+}+(G_{AgCl}+2G_{H_2O})=101,97\text{ kJ/mol}$;
Cl ⁻ (aq)	-167,2	56,6	-131,2	$\Delta G_{Cl^-}=\Delta H_H-T*\Delta S_H=-167,08-298,15*0,0566=-183,955\text{ kJ/mol}$; [1]
Cl ⁻ (aq) G _{e⁻}	formation	-131,2	35,9935	$G_{e^-}=G_{Cl^-}-(G_{Cl}+\Delta G_{eqCl})=101,97-(197,1765-131,2)=35,9935\text{ kJ/mol}$;
Cl ⁻ aqNaCl	$E^\circ_{2Cl-Cl_2}=$	1.03756 V	66.1832	$2G_{Cl^-}=G_{Hg2Cl_2}+2G_{H_2O}-(\Delta G_{eq_Hg2Cl_2}+2G_{Hg})=2*66.1832\text{ kJ/mol}$;
Ag(NH ₃) ₂ ⁺	$E^\circ_{Ag(NH_3)_2^+}=$	-0,06995	224,9895	$G_{Ag(NH_3)_2^+}=\Delta G_{Ag/Ag(NH_3)_2^+}-G_{H_2O}+(G_{Ag}+2G_{NH_3aq})=224,985\text{ kJ/mol}$;
Ag ₂ O(s)	-31,1	121,3	-11,2	$\Delta G_{Ag_2O}=\Delta H_H-T*\Delta S_H=-31,1-298,15*0,1213=-67,2656\text{ kJ/mol}$; [1]
Ag ₂ O(s)	formation	-11,2	226,069	$G_{Ag_2O}=\Delta G^\circ_{Ag_2O}+(2G_{Ag}+0,5G_{O_2^{gas}})=226,069\text{ kJ/mol}$;
2Ag	$E^\circ_{Ag/Ag_2O}=$	0,02277V	2*33,4773	$2G_{Ag}=G_{Ag_2O}+G_{H_2O}-(\Delta G_{Ag/Ag_2O}+2G_{OH})=2*33,4773\text{ kJ/mol}$;

Water molecule compensation $Ag(s)+H_2O=Ag^++e^-$; $Ag(s)+H_2O+Cl^-=AgCl(s)+2H_2O+e^-$ on summary reaction

$Ag(s)+Cl^-=AgCl(s)+H_2O+e^-$ Expression of absolute potential has standard $E^\circ_{Classic}=0.2223\text{ V}$ [1],

water and ΔE° : $E_{Ag/AgCl}=E^\circ_{classic}-0.0591/1*\lg([H_2O]^1)+\Delta E^\circ=0.22233-0.103+0.10166-0.37239=-0.1514\text{ V}$;

$$\Delta G_{eq_Ag}=E^\circ_{Ag}\cdot F\cdot n=-0,151395*96485*1=-14,60735\text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{eq_Ag}=G_{AgCl}+G_{H_2O}+G_{e^-}-(G_{Ag}+G_{Cl^-})=130,236+0-(42,87335+101,97)=-14,60735\text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{Ag}=G_{AgCl}+G_{H_2O}+G_{e^-}-(\Delta G_{eq_Ag}+G_{Cl^-})=130,236+0-(-14,60735+101,97)=42,87335\text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{e^-}=\Delta G_{eq_Ag}-G_{AgCl}-G_{H_2O}+(G_{Ag}+G_{Cl^-})=-14,60735-130,236-0+(42,87335+101,97)=0\text{ kJ/mol};$$

Solubility NH_3^{gas} and Ag compensate each one water molecule in Nernst's half reaction products
 $\text{NH}_3^{\text{gas}} + \text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{NH}_3\text{aq}$; $\text{Ag} + \text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{Ag}^+ + \text{e}^-$; $\text{Ag} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{NH}_3\text{aq} = \text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2^+ + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{e}^-$; Absolute potential has
standard $E^\circ_{\text{Classic}} = 0,373 \text{ V}$ [17], water $-0,0591/1 \cdot \log([\text{H}_2\text{O}]^1) = -0,103$ logarithm and sum $\Delta E^\circ = 0,10166 - 0,37239 = -0,000725055 \text{ V}$;
 $E^\circ_{\text{Ag}/\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2^+} = E^\circ_{\text{Classic}} - 0,0591/1 \cdot \log([\text{H}_2\text{O}]^1) + \Delta E^\circ = 0,373 - 0,103 + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = -0,000725055 \text{ V}$;
 $\Delta G_{\text{Ag}/\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2^+} = E^\circ_{\text{Ag}/\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2^+} \cdot F \cdot n = 0,000725055 \cdot 96485 \cdot 1 = -0,069956 \text{ kJ/mol}$;
 $\Delta G_{\text{Ag}/\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2^+} = G_{\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2^+} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} + G_{\text{e}^-} - (G_{\text{Ag}} + 2G_{\text{NH}_3\text{aq}}) = 224,9895 + 0 - (42,8595 + 2 \cdot 91,1) = 0,069956 \text{ kJ/mol}$;
 $G_{\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2^+} = \Delta G_{\text{Ag}/\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2^+} - G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} - G_{\text{e}^-} + (G_{\text{Ag}} + 2G_{\text{NH}_3\text{aq}}) = -0,069956 - 0 + (42,8595 + 2 \cdot 91,1) = 224,9895 \text{ kJ/mol}$;
 $G_{\text{e}^-} = \Delta G_{\text{Ag}/\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2^+} - G_{\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2^+} - G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} + (G_{\text{Ag}} + 2G_{\text{NH}_3\text{aq}}) = -0,069956 - 224,9895 - 0 + (42,8595 + 2 \cdot 91,1) = 0 \text{ kJ/mol}$;
Formation $\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}/2 + \text{e}^- = \text{Cl}^-$;
 $\Delta G_{\text{eqCl}} = G_{\text{Cl}^-} - (G_{\text{Cl}} + G_{\text{e}^-}) = 101,97 - (197,1765 + 35,9935) = -131,2 \text{ kJ/mol}$;
 $G_{\text{e}^-} = G_{\text{Cl}^-} - (G_{\text{Cl}} + \Delta G_{\text{eqCl}}) = 101,97 - (197,1765 - 131,2) = 35,9935 \text{ kJ/mol}$;
Formation $2\text{Ag} + 0,5\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}} = \text{Ag}_2\text{O}$;
 $\Delta G^\circ_{\text{Ag}_2\text{O}} = G_{\text{Ag}_2\text{O}} - (2G_{\text{Ag}} + 0,5G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 226,069 - (2 \cdot 42,8595 + 0,5 \cdot 303,1) = -11,2 \text{ kJ/mol}$;
 $G_{\text{Ag}_2\text{O}} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{Ag}_2\text{O}} + (2G_{\text{Ag}} + 0,5G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = -11,2 + (2 \cdot 42,8595 + 0,5 \cdot 303,1) = 226,069 \text{ kJ/mol}$;
 $2\text{Ag} + 2\text{OH}^- = \text{Ag}_2\text{O}(\text{s}) + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{e}^-$;
Expression of absolute potential has standard $E^\circ_{\text{Classic}} = 0,345 \text{ V}$ [17], water and ΔE° :
 $E^\circ_{2\text{Ag}/\text{Ag}_2\text{O}} = E^\circ_{\text{Classic}} - 0,0591/2 \cdot \log([\text{H}_2\text{O}]^1) + \Delta E^\circ = 0,345 - 0,0515 + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = 0,0227725 \text{ V}$.
 $\Delta G_{\text{Ag}/\text{Ag}_2\text{O}} = E^\circ_{2\text{Ag}/\text{Ag}_2\text{O}} \cdot F \cdot n = 0,0227725 \cdot 96485 \cdot 2 = 4,394 \text{ kJ/mol}$;
 $\Delta G_{\text{Ag}/\text{Ag}_2\text{O}} = G_{\text{Ag}_2\text{O}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} + 2G_{\text{e}^-} - (2G_{\text{Ag}} + 2G_{\text{OH}^-}) = 226,069 + 0 + 2 \cdot 0 - (2 \cdot 33,4773 + 2 \cdot 77,36) = 4,3944 \text{ kJ/mol}$;
 $2G_{\text{Ag}} = G_{\text{Ag}_2\text{O}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} + 2G_{\text{e}^-} - (\Delta G_{\text{Ag}/\text{Ag}_2\text{O}} + 2G_{\text{OH}^-}) = 226,069 + 0 + 2 \cdot 0 - (4,3944 + 2 \cdot 77,36) = 66,9546 = 2 \cdot 33,477 \text{ kJ/mol}$;
 $2G_{\text{e}^-} = \Delta G_{\text{Ag}/\text{Ag}_2\text{O}} - G_{\text{Ag}_2\text{O}} - G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} + (2G_{\text{Ag}} + 2G_{\text{OH}^-}) = 4,3944 - 226,069 - 0 + (2 \cdot 33,4773 + 2 \cdot 77,36) = 0,0 \text{ kJ/mol}$;
 $G_{\text{Ag}_2\text{O}} = \Delta G_{\text{Ag}/\text{Ag}_2\text{O}} - G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} - 2G_{\text{e}^-} + (2G_{\text{Ag}} + 2G_{\text{OH}^-}) = 4,3944 - 0 - 2 \cdot 0 + (2 \cdot 33,4773 + 2 \cdot 77,36) = 226,069 \text{ kJ/mol}$;
 $E^\circ_{\text{Ag}/\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2^+} = 0,000725 \text{ V} + \frac{[\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2^+]}{[\text{Ag}] \cdot ([\text{NH}_3] - 2 \cdot [\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2^+])^2} E^\circ_{2\text{Ag}/\text{Ag}_2\text{O}} = 0,02277 \text{ V} + \frac{[\text{Ag}_2\text{O}] \cdot [\text{H}_2\text{O}]}{[\text{Ag}]^2 \cdot [\text{OH}]^2}$

Prigogine absolute energy attractors for dissolution, protolysis, and reduction-oxidation of mercury compounds

Substance	$\Delta H^\circ_{\text{H}}, \text{kJ/mol}$	$\Delta S^\circ_{\text{H}}, \text{J/mol/K}$	$\Delta G^\circ_{\text{H}}, \text{kJ/mol}$
Hg	$E^\circ_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} =$	-0,10565 V	35,7641
Hg	$\Delta E^\circ_{\text{H}_2\text{O}_{2\text{aq}}-\text{HgO}}$	0,751298	35,778
Hg Hg ₂ SO ₄ formation		-625,8	85,0232
HgO _s [1]	-90,8	70,3	-58,5
Hg	Formation HgO	-58,5	54,2
HgO _(s)	Formation HgO	-58,5	147,25
Hg	$E^\circ_{\text{HgO}} =$	0,22423 V	35,764
HgO _(s)	$E^\circ_{\text{HgO}} =$	0,22423 V	147,25
Hg ₂ ²⁺ [1]	172,4	84,5	153,5
Hg ₂ ²⁺ Ge-	formation	153,5	2*20,975
Hg ₂ ²⁺	$E^\circ_{2\text{Hg}/\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} =$	0,5780675	183,0782
Hg ₂ ²⁺	$E^\circ_{\text{Hg}/\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} =$	0,6317675	157,674
Hg ₂ ²⁺ [1]	171,1	-32,2	164,4
Hg ₂ ²⁺ Ge-	formation	164,4	2*21,245
Hg ₂ SO _{4(s)}	-743,1	200,7	-625,8
Hg ₂ SO _{4(s)}	formation	-625,8	55,4718
Hg ₂ SO _{4(s)}	$K_{\text{AbsoluteHg}_2\text{SO}_4} = 10^{(-9,6725)}$		154,3205
Hg ₂ SO _{4(s)}	$E^\circ_{\text{HgSO}_4} =$	0,29027 V	153,99156
SO ₄ ²⁻	-909,3	20,1	-744,5
SO ₄ ²⁻ Ge-	[1] formation	-744,5	80,603
HSO ₄ ⁻	$pK_{a2}=1,99$	protolysis	27,584
SO ₄ ²⁻	[1] $pK_{a2}=1,99$	protolysis	26,44977
SO ₄ ²⁻	$E^\circ_{\text{HSO}_3} =$	0,10726 V	26,44996
SO ₄ ²⁻	$E^\circ_{\text{HgSO}_4} =$	0,29027 V	26,44996
HSO ₃ ⁻	$E^\circ_{\text{HSO}_3} =$	0,10726 V	73,072
SO ₄ ²⁻	$E^\circ_{\text{SO}_3^{2-}} =$	-1,2522 V	54,9256
SO ₃ ²⁻	$E^\circ_{\text{SO}_3^{2-}} =$	0,05576 V	60,56996
[1] Cl ₂ ^{gas}	-109,8; AgCl _s formation		394,353
[1] Cl ₂ ^{gas}	Hg ₂ Cl _{2(s)} formation-210,7		139,1718
[1] Cl ₂ ^{gas}	HgCl _{2(s)} formation-178,6		142,8359
Cl _{2aq} NaCl	$E^\circ_{2\text{Cl}-\text{Cl}_2} =$	1,03756 V	332,584
⁻¹⁴ Cl _{2aq} NaCl	$K_{\text{eq } 2\text{Cl}-\text{Cl}_2} = ^{-14}$	0,64771 V	257,366
Hg ₂ Cl _{2(s)}	-265,37	191,6	-210,7
Hg ₂ Cl _{2(s)}	formation	-210,7	0
HgCl _{2(s)}	-224,3	146	-178,6
HgCl _{2(s)}	formation	-178,6	0,0001
Hg ₂ Cl _{2(s)}	$E^\circ_{\text{HgCl}_2} =$	-0,10565 V	183,5083
Cl _(aq)	-167,2	56,6	-131,2
Cl _(aq) Ge-	formation	-131,2	125,9652
Cl _(aq)	$K_{\text{AbsoluteHg}_2\text{Cl}_2} = 10^{(-23,07)}$		66,05455
Cl _{aq} NaCl	$E^\circ_{2\text{Cl}-\text{Cl}_2} =$	1,03756 V	66,1832

$2\text{Hg} + \text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{Hg}_2^{2+} + 2\text{e}^-$; Absolute potential contains standard potential $E^\circ_{\text{classic}} = 0,7973 \text{ V}$ [1], water logarithm, ΔE° :
 $E^\circ_{2\text{Hg}} = E^\circ_{\text{clasiskais}} - 0,0591/2 * \lg(1/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]^1) + \Delta E^\circ = 0,7973 + 0,0515 + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = 0,5780675 \text{ V}$;

$$\Delta G_{\text{eq } 2\text{Hg}} = E^\circ_{\text{Hg}} \cdot F \cdot n = 0,5780675 * 96485 * 2 = 111,55 \text{ kJ/mol},$$

$$\Delta G_{\text{eq } 2\text{Hg}} = G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} + 2G_{\text{e}^-} - (2G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 183,0782 + 2*0 - (2*35,7641 + 0) = 111,55 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} = \Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{Hg}} - 2G_{\text{e}^-} + (2G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 111,55 - 2*0 + (2*35,7641 + 0) = 183,0782 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$2G_{\text{e}^-} = \Delta G_{\text{eq } 2\text{Hg}} - G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} + (2G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 111,55 - 183,0782 + (2*35,7641 + 0) = 2*0 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$\text{Hg} + \text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{Hg}_2^{2+} + 2\text{e}^-$; Expression of absolute potential has standard $E^\circ_{\text{Classic}} = 0.851 \text{ V}$ [1], water logarithm and ΔE° :
 $E^\circ_{\text{Hg}} = E^\circ_{\text{clasiskais}} - 0,0591/2 * \lg(1/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]^1) + \Delta E^\circ = 0,851 + 0,0515 + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = 0,6317675 \text{ V}$;

$$\Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{Hg}} = E^\circ_{\text{Hg}} \cdot F \cdot n = 0,6317675 * 96485 * 2 = 121,91 \text{ kJ/mol},$$

$$\Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{Hg}} = G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} + 2G_{\text{e}^-} - (G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 157,674 + 0,0001 - (35,7641 + 0) = 121,91 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\begin{aligned} <====G_{\text{Hg}} = (G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} - (2G_{\text{Cl}} + \Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2}))/2 = 35,7641 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{Hg}} = \Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{RedOx } \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 - \text{G}_{\text{O}_2\text{aq}} + (G_{\text{HgO}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}_2}) = 35,778 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{Hg}} = (G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4} - (\Delta G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4} + G_{\text{S}_{\text{romb}}} + G_{\text{S}_{\text{romb}}} + 2G_{\text{O}_2}))/2 = 85,023 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ \Delta G_{\text{Cl}} = \Delta H_{\text{H}} - T * \Delta S_{\text{H}} = -90,8 - 298,15 * 0,0703 = -111,76 \text{ kJ/mol}; [1] \\ G_{\text{Hg}} = G_{\text{HgO}} - (\Delta G_{\text{HgO}} + 0,5G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 147,25 - (-58,5 + 0,5 * 303,1) = 54,2 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{HgO}} = \Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{HgO}} - 2G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} + (G_{\text{Hg}} + 2G_{\text{OH}}) = 147,15 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ <====G_{\text{Hg}} = G_{\text{HgO}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} - (\Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{HgO}} + 2G_{\text{OH}}) = 35,764 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{HgO}} = \Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{HgO}} - 2G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} + (G_{\text{Hg}} + 2G_{\text{OH}}) = 147,15 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ \Delta G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} = \Delta H_{\text{H}} - T * \Delta S_{\text{H}} = -172,4 - 298,15 * 0,0845 = -197,59 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ 2G_{\text{e}^-} = \Delta G_{\text{eq } 2\text{Hg}} - G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} + (2G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 2*20,975 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} = \Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{Hg}} + (2G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 111,55 + (2*35,8 + 0) = 183,08 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} = \Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{Hg}} + (G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 121,91 + (35,764 + 0) = 157,674 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ \Delta G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} = \Delta H_{\text{H}} - T * \Delta S_{\text{H}} = -171,1 - 298,15 * -0,0322 = -161,4996 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ 2G_{\text{e}^-} = \Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{Hg}} - G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} + (G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 2*21,24505 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ [1] \Delta G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4} = \Delta H_{\text{H}} - T * \Delta S_{\text{H}} = -743,1 - 298,15 * 0,2 = -802,73 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4} = \Delta G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4} + (G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{S}_{\text{romb}}} + G_{\text{S}_{\text{romb}}} + G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 55,4718 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4} = G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} + G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} - (\Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4} + 2G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 154,3205 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4} = \Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4} + (2G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{SO}_4}) = 153,99156 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ \Delta G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} = \Delta H_{\text{H}} - T * \Delta S_{\text{H}} = -909,3 - 298,15 * 0,0201 = -915,29 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ 2G_{\text{e}^-} = G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} - (G_{\text{S}_{\text{romb}}} + 2G_{\text{O}_2} + \Delta G^\circ_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}}) = 161,2062 = 2*80,60 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{HSO}_4} = \Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4} - G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} + (G_{\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 27,584 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} = \Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{HSO}_4} - G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} + (G_{\text{HSO}_4} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 26,44977 \text{ kJ/mol}; \text{pH} < 7 \\ G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} = \Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{HSO}_4^{2-}} - 3G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} + (G_{\text{HSO}_3} + 4G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 26,44996 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{SO}_4} = G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4} - (2G_{\text{Hg}} + \Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4}) = 26,44996 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{HSO}_3} = G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} + 3G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} - (\Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{HSO}_4} + 4G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 73,072 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} = \Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{SO}_3^{2-} - \text{OH}} - G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} + (G_{\text{SO}_3^{2-}} + 2G_{\text{OH}}) = 54,9256 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{SO}_3^{2-}} = G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} + 2G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} - (\Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{SO}_3^{2-}} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 60,56996 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{ga}}} = 2 * (G_{\text{AgCl}} - (G_{\text{Ag}} + \Delta G^\circ_{\text{eq } \text{AgCl}})) = 2 * 197,1765 = 394,353 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{Cl}_2} = -(2G_{\text{Hg}} + \Delta G^\circ_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2}) = -(2 * 35,7641 - 210,7) = 139,1718 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{Cl}_2} = -(G_{\text{Hg}} + \Delta G^\circ_{\text{HgCl}_2}) = -(35,7641 - 178,6) = 142,8359 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}} = \Delta G_{\text{eq } 2\text{Cl}-\text{Cl}_2} + (2G_{\text{Cl}}) = 200,218 + (2 * 66,1832) = 332,584 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}} = \Delta G_{\text{eq } 2\text{Cl}-\text{Cl}_2} + (2G_{\text{Cl}}) = 125 + (2 * 66,1832) = 257,3664 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ \Delta G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} = \Delta H_{\text{H}} - T * \Delta S_{\text{H}} = -265,37 - 298,15 * 0,1916 = 322,4955 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} = \Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} + (2G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = -210,7 + (2 * 35,7641 + 139,1718) = 0 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ [1] \Delta G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} = \Delta H_{\text{H}} - T * \Delta S_{\text{H}} = -224,3 - 298,15 * 0,146 = -267,83 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ [1] G_{\text{HgCl}_2} = \Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{HgCl}_2} + (G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 0,0001 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} = \Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} - 2G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} - 2G_{\text{e}^-} + (2G_{\text{Cl}} + 2G_{\text{Hg}}) = 183,5083 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ \Delta G_{\text{Cl}} = \Delta H_{\text{H}} - T * \Delta S_{\text{H}} = -167,08 - 298,15 * 0,0566 = -183,955 \text{ kJ/mol}; [1] \\ G_{\text{e}^-} = G_{\text{Cl}(\text{aq})} - (0,5G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}} + \Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{Cl}}) = 125,9652 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ G_{\text{Cl}} = (-G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} + \Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} + (G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}))/2 = 66,05455 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\ 2G_{\text{Cl}} = G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} + 2G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} - (\Delta G_{\text{eq } \text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} + 2G_{\text{Hg}}) = 2 * 66,1832 \text{ kJ/mol}; \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
G_{\text{Hg}} &= G_{\text{Hg}^{2+}} + 2G_{\text{e}^-} - (G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 157,674 + 0,0001 - (121,91 + 0) = 35,7641 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{\text{Hg}^{2+}} &= \Delta G_{\text{eq, Hg}} - 2G_{\text{e}^-} + (G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 121,91 - 0,0001 + (35,7641 + 0) = 157,674 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
2G_{\text{e}^-} &= \Delta G_{\text{eq, Hg}} - G_{\text{Hg}^{2+}} + (G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 121,91 - 157,674 + (35,7641 + 0) = 2*0,00005 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\text{Formation } 2\text{Hg} + \text{H}_2\text{O} &= \text{Hg}_2^{2+} + 2\text{e}^-; \\
\Delta G_{\text{eq, 2Hg}} &= G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} + 2G_{\text{e}^-} - (2G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 183,0782 + 2*20,975 - (2*35,7641 + 0) = 153,5 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
2G_{\text{e}^-} &= \Delta G_{\text{eq, 2Hg}} - G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} + (2G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 153,5 - 183,0782 + (2*35,7641 + 0) = 2*20,975 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\text{Formation } \text{Hg} + \text{H}_2\text{O} &= \text{Hg}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^-; \Delta G_{\text{eq, Hg}} = G_{\text{Hg}^{2+}} + 2G_{\text{e}^-} - (G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 157,674 + 2*G_{\text{e}^-} - (35,7641 + 0) = 164,4 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
2G_{\text{e}^-} &= \Delta G_{\text{eq, Hg}} - G_{\text{Hg}^{2+}} + (G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 164,4 - 157,674 + (35,7641 + 0) = 2*21,24505 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\text{Formation } \text{Hg} + \text{S}_{\text{romb}} + 2\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}} &= \text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4(\text{s}); \\
\Delta G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4} &= G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4} - (2G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{S}_{\text{romb}}} + G_{\text{S}_{\text{romb}}} + 2G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 153,99156 - (2*35,7641 + 3,5436 + 2*303,1) = -625,8 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
2G_{\text{Hg}} &= G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4} - (\Delta G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4} + G_{\text{S}_{\text{romb}}} + 2G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 153,99 - (-625,8 + 3,5436 + 2*303,1) = 2*85,0232 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4} &= \Delta G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4} + (2G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{S}_{\text{romb}}} + G_{\text{S}_{\text{romb}}} + 2G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = -625,8 + (2*35,7641 + 3,5436 + 2*303,1) = 153,99156 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
[1] \text{SO}_4^{2-} \text{ Formation } \text{S}_{\text{rombic}} + 2\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}} + 2\text{e}^- &= \text{SO}_4^{2-}; \\
\Delta G^{\circ}\text{SO}_4 &= G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} - (G_{\text{S}_{\text{rombic}}} + 2G_{\text{O}_2} + 2G_{\text{e}^-}) = 26,44977 - (3,5436 + 2*303,1 + 2*80,603) = -744,5 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
2G_{\text{e}^-} &= G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} - (G_{\text{S}_{\text{rombic}}} + 2G_{\text{O}_2} + \Delta G^{\circ}\text{SO}_4) = 26,44977 - (3,5436 + 2*303,1 - 744,5) = 161,20617 = 2*80,603 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\text{Protolysis } \text{HSO}_4^- + \text{H}_2\text{O} &= \text{SO}_4^{2-} + \text{H}_3\text{O}^+ \text{ pK}_{\text{a}2} = 1,99 \\
K_{\text{eq}2} &= K_{\text{a}2}/[\text{H}_2\text{O}] = 10^{-(1,99)}/55,3 = 0,0001850 \text{ energy change has} \\
\Delta G_{\text{eqHSO}_4} &= -R \cdot T \cdot \ln(K_{\text{eq}2}) = -8,3144*298,15 \cdot \ln(0,000185) = G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} + G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} - (G_{\text{HSO}_4^-} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 21,3069 \text{ kJ/mol. Hess} \\
\text{expression } \Delta G_{\text{eqHSO}_4} &= G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} + G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} - (G_{\text{HSO}_4^-} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 26,44977 + 22,44 - (27,584 + 0) = 21,3069 \text{ kJ/mol free energy of} \\
G_{\text{HSO}_4^-} &= G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} + G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} - (\Delta G_{\text{eqHSO}_4} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 26,44977 + 22,44 - (21,3069 + 0) = 27,5829 \text{ kJ/mol and} \\
\text{SO}_4^{2-} \text{ anion mol is } G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} &= \Delta G_{\text{eqHSO}_4} - G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} + (G_{\text{HSO}_4^-} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 21,3069 - 22,44 + (27,5829 + 0) = 26,44977 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
2 < \text{pH} < 7 \text{ } \text{HSO}_3^- + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} &= \text{SO}_4^{2-} + 3\text{H}_3\text{O}^+ + 2\text{e}^-; \text{Classic standard potential } E^{\circ}_{\text{classic}} = 0,172 \text{ V [1], plus water account} \\
-0,0591/2 \cdot \log(1/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]^4) &= 0,206 \text{ and common sum } \Delta E^{\circ} = +0,10166 - 0,37239 \text{ absolute potential has} \\
E^{\circ}_{\text{HSO}_3^-} &= E^{\circ} - 0,0591/2 \cdot \log(1/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]^4) + \Delta E^{\circ} = 0,172 - 0,0591/2 \cdot \log(1/55,3^4) + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = 0,10726 \text{ V}; \\
2 < \text{pH} < 7, 172 \Delta G_{\text{eqHSO}_3} &= E^{\circ}_{\text{HSO}_4^-} \cdot F \cdot n = 0,10726 * 96485 * 2 = 20,69796 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\Delta G_{\text{eqHSO}_3} &= G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} + 3G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} + 2G_{\text{e}^-} - (G_{\text{HSO}_3^-} + 4G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 26,44996 + 3*22,44 + 2*0 - (73,072 + 4*0) = 20,69797 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{\text{HSO}_3^-} &= G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} + 3G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} + 2G_{\text{e}^-} - (\Delta G_{\text{eqHSO}_4} + 4G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 26,44996 + 3*22,44 + 2*0 - (20,69796 + 4*0) = 73,072 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} &= \Delta G_{\text{eqHSO}_4} - 3G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} - 2G_{\text{e}^-} + (G_{\text{HSO}_3^-} + 4G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 20,69796 - 3*22,44 - 2*0 + (73,072 + 4*0) = 26,44996 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
2G_{\text{e}^-} &= \Delta G_{\text{eqHSO}_4} - 3G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} - G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} + (G_{\text{HSO}_3^-} + 4G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 20,69796 - 3*22,44 - 26,44996 + (73,072 + 4*0) = 2*0 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\text{pH} > 7, 172 \text{SO}_3^{2-} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} &= \text{SO}_4^{2-} + 2\text{H}_3\text{O}^+ + 2\text{e}^-; \text{Classic standard potential } E^{\circ}_{\text{classic}} = 0,172 \text{ V [1], plus water account} \\
-0,0591/2 \cdot \log(1/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]^3) &= 0,15449 \text{ and common sum } \Delta E^{\circ} = +0,10166 - 0,37239 \text{ absolute standard potential is} \\
E^{\circ}_{\text{H}_2\text{SO}_3} &= E^{\circ}_{\text{classic}} - 0,0591/2 \cdot \log(1/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]^3) + \Delta E^{\circ} = 0,172 - 0,0591/2 \cdot \log(1/55,3^3) + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = 0,055763 \text{ V}; \\
\Delta G_{\text{eqHSO}_3} &= E^{\circ}_{\text{HSO}_3^-} \cdot F \cdot n = 0,055763 * 96485 * 2 = 10,7600 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\Delta G_{\text{eqSO}_3} &= G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} + 2G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} + 2G_{\text{e}^-} - (G_{\text{SO}_3^{2-}} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 26,44996 + 2*22,44 + 2*0 - (60,56996 + 3*0) = 10,7600 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} &= \Delta G_{\text{eqSO}_3} - 2G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} - 2G_{\text{e}^-} + (G_{\text{SO}_3^{2-}} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 10,7600 - 2*22,44 - 2*0 + (60,56996 + 3*0) = 26,44996 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{\text{SO}_3^{2-}} &= G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} + 2G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} + 2G_{\text{e}^-} - (\Delta G_{\text{eqSO}_3} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 26,44996 + 2*22,44 + 2*0 - (10,7600 + 3*0) = 60,56996 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
2G_{\text{e}^-} &= \Delta G_{\text{eqSO}_3} - 2G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} - G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} + (G_{\text{SO}_3^{2-}} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 10,7600 - 2*22,44 - 26,44996 + (60,56996 + 3*0) = 2*0 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\text{Formation } 2\text{Hg} + \text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}} &= \text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2(\text{s}); \Delta G_{\text{eq, Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} = G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} - (2G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 0 - (2*35,7641 + 139,1718) = -210,7 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} &= \Delta G_{\text{eq, Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} + (2G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = -210,7 + (2*35,7641 + 139,1718) = 0 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\text{Formation } \text{Hg} + \text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}} &= \text{HgCl}_2(\text{s}); \Delta G_{\text{eq, HgCl}_2} = G_{\text{HgCl}_2} - (G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 0,0001 - (35,7641 + 142,836) = -178,6 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{\text{HgCl}_2} &= \Delta G_{\text{eq, HgCl}_2} + (G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = -178,6 - (35,7641 + 142,836) = 0,0001 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\text{Formation } 0,5\text{Cl}_2 + \text{e}^- &= \text{Cl}^-(\text{aq}); \Delta G_{\text{eq, Cl}} = G_{\text{Cl}^-(\text{aq})} - (0,5G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}} + G_{\text{e}^-}) = 66,1832 - (0,5*142,836 + G_{\text{e}^-}) = -131,2 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{\text{e}^-} &= G_{\text{Cl}^-(\text{aq})} - (0,5G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}} + \Delta G_{\text{eq, Cl}}) = 66,1832 - (0,5*142,836 - 131,2) = 125,9652 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{\text{Cl}^-(\text{aq})} &= \Delta G_{\text{eq, Cl}} + (0,5G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}} + G_{\text{e}^-}) = -131,2 + (0,5*142,836 + 178,720) = 66,1832 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\text{Formation } 0,5\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}} + \text{Hg} &= \text{HgO}; \Delta G_{\text{HgO}} = G_{\text{HgO}} - (G_{\text{Hg}} + 0,5G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 147,25 - (54,2 + 0,5*303,1) = -58,5 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{\text{Hg}} &= G_{\text{HgO}} - (\Delta G_{\text{HgO}} + 0,5G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 147,25 - (-58,5 + 0,5*303,1) = 54,2 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
[1] \text{Solubility } \text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2 + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} &= \text{Hg}_2^{2+} + 2\text{Cl}^-; K_{\text{sp}} = [\text{Hg}_2^{2+}] \cdot [\text{Cl}^-]^2 / [\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2] / [\text{H}_2\text{O}]^3 = 1,43 * 10^{-(18)} / 1/55,3^3 = 10^{-23,07}; \\
\Delta G_{\text{eqHg}_2\text{Cl}_2} &= -R \cdot T \cdot \ln(K_{\text{AbsoluteHg}_2\text{Cl}_2}) = -8,314*298,15 \cdot \ln(10^{-(23,1)}) = 131,68 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\Delta G_{\text{eqHg}_2\text{Cl}_2} &= G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} + 2G_{\text{Cl}^-} - (G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 183,0782 + 2*66,1832 - (183,5073 + 3*0) = 131,68 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{\text{Cl}^-} &= (-G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} + \Delta G_{\text{eqHg}_2\text{Cl}_2} + (G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}})) / 2 = (-183,0782 + 131,68 + (183,5073 + 3*0)) / 2 = 66,05455 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\text{Formation } 2\text{Hg} + \text{Cl}_2 &= \text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2(\text{s}); \Delta G^{\circ}_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} = G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} - (2G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{Cl}_2}) = -(2*35,7641 + G_{\text{Cl}_2}) = -210,7 = \text{kJ/mol}; \\
\Delta G^{\circ}_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} &= G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} - (2G_{\text{Hg}} + G_{\text{Cl}_2}) = -(2*35,7641 + G_{\text{Cl}_2}) = -210,7 = \text{kJ/mol}; \\
G_{\text{Cl}_2} &= -(2G_{\text{Hg}} + \Delta G^{\circ}_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2}) = -(2*35,7641 - 210,7) = 139,1718 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\text{Formation } \text{Hg} + \text{Cl}_2 &= \text{HgCl}_2; \\
\Delta G^{\circ}_{\text{HgCl}_2} &= -(35,76 + G_{\text{Cl}_2}) = -178,6 \text{ kJ/mol}; G_{\text{Cl}_2} = -(G_{\text{Hg}} + \Delta G^{\circ}_{\text{HgCl}_2}) = -(35,7641 - 178,6) = 142,836 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
2\text{Hg} + 2\text{Cl}^- &= \text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2(\text{s}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{e}^-; \text{Expression of absolute potential has standard } E^{\circ}_{\text{Classic}} = 0,26808 \text{ V [1],} \\
\text{water and } \Delta E^{\circ}: E^{\circ}_{\text{HgCl}_2} &= E^{\circ}_{\text{Classic}} - 0,0591/2 \cdot \lg([\text{H}_2\text{O}]^2) + \Delta E^{\circ} = 0,26808 - 0,1030 + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = -0,10565 \text{ V};
\end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta G_{eq_Hg2Cl2} = E^{\circ}_{Hg2Cl2} \cdot F \cdot n = -0,1056451 \cdot 96485 \cdot 2 = -20,3863 \text{ kJ/mol},$$

$$\Delta G_{eq_Hg2Cl2} = G_{Hg2Cl2} + 2G_{H2O} + 2G_{e^-} - (2G_{Cl^-} + 2G_{Hg}) = 183,5083 + 2 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot 0 - (2 \cdot 66,1832 + 2 \cdot 35,7641) = -20,3863 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{Hg2Cl2} = \Delta G_{eq_Hg2Cl2} - 2G_{H2O} - 2G_{e^-} + (2G_{Cl^-} + 2G_{Hg}) = -20,3863 - 2 \cdot 0 - 2 \cdot 0 + (2 \cdot 66,1832 + 2 \cdot 35,7641) = 183,5083 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$2G_{Cl^-} = G_{Hg2Cl2} + 2G_{H2O} + 2G_{e^-} - (\Delta G_{eq_Hg2Cl2} + 2G_{Hg}) = 183,5083 + 2 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot 0 - (-20,3863 + 2 \cdot 35,7641) = 132,366 = 2 \cdot 66,19 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{Hg} = (G_{Hg2Cl2} + G_{H2O} + 2G_{e^-} - (2G_{Cl^-} + \Delta G_{eq_Hg2Cl2})) / 2 = (183,5083 + 2 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot 0 - (2 \cdot 66,1832 - 20,3863)) / 2 = 35,7641 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$2G_{e^-} = \Delta G_{eq_Hg2Cl2} - G_{Hg2Cl2} - 2G_{H2O} + (2G_{Cl^-} + 2G_{Hg}) = -20,3863 - 183,5083 - 2 \cdot 0 - 2 \cdot 0 + (2 \cdot 66,1832 + 2 \cdot 35,7641) = 0 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Solubility equilibrium attractor $Hg_2SO_4(s) + 2H_2O = Hg_2^{2+} + SO_4^{2-}$; $2Hg + 2H_2O = Hg_2^{2+} + 2e^-$; absolute constant is:

$$K_{AbsoluteHg2SO4} = K_{spHg2SO4} / [H_2O]^2 = [Hg_2^{2+}] \cdot [SO_4^{2-}] / [Hg_2SO_4(s)] / [H_2O]^2 = 6,5 \cdot 10^{(-7)} / 1/55,3^2 = 10^{-9,673};$$

$$\Delta G_{eqHg2SO4} = -R \cdot T \cdot \ln(K_{AbsoluteHg2SO4}) = -8,314 \cdot 298,15 \cdot \ln(10^{(-9,6725)}) = 55,20765 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{eqHg2SO4} = G_{Hg22+} + G_{SO42-} - (G_{Hg2SO4} + 2G_{H2O}) = 183,0782 + 26,44996 - (154,3205 + 2 \cdot 0) = 55,20765 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{Hg2SO4} = G_{Hg22+} + G_{SO42-} - (\Delta G_{eqHg2SO4} + 2G_{H2O}) = 183,0782 + 26,44996 - (55,20765 + 2 \cdot 0) = 154,3205 \text{ kJ/mol};$$



$2Hg + SO_4^{2-} = Hg_2SO_4(s) + 2e^-$; Absolūtais aprēķins satur standarta potenciālu $E^{\circ}_{klasisko} = 0,6125 \text{ V}$ [18], ūdens logaritmu un ΔE° : $E^{\circ}_{HgSO4} = E^{\circ}_{klasisko} - 0,0591/2 \cdot \lg([H_2O]^1) + \Delta E^{\circ} = 0,6125 - 0,0515 + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = 0,29027 \text{ V}$;

$$\Delta G_{eq_HgSO4} = E^{\circ}_{HgSO4} \cdot F \cdot n = 0,29027 \cdot 96485 \cdot 2 = 56,0134 \text{ kJ/mol},$$

$$\Delta G_{eq_Hg2SO4} = G_{Hg2SO4} + 2G_{e^-} - (2G_{Hg} + G_{SO4}) = 153,99156 - (2 \cdot 35,7641 + 26,44996) = 56,0134 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{Hg2SO4} = \Delta G_{eq_Hg2SO4} - 2G_{e^-} + (2G_{Hg} + G_{SO4}) = 56,0134 - 2 \cdot 0 + (2 \cdot 35,7641 + 26,44996) = 153,99156 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$2G_{e^-} = \Delta G_{eq_Hg2SO4} - G_{Hg2SO4} + (2G_{Hg} + G_{SO4}) = 56,0134 - 153,99156 - (2 \cdot 35,7641 + 26,44996) = 0 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{SO4} = G_{Hg2SO4} + 2G_{e^-} - (2G_{Hg} + \Delta G_{eq_Hg2SO4}) = 153,99156 + 2 \cdot 0 - (2 \cdot 35,7641 + 56,0134) = 26,44996 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$Hg + 2OH^- = HgO + H_2O + 2e^-$, Expression of absolute potential has standard $E^{\circ}_{Classic} = 0,0977 \text{ V}$ [1], water and ΔE° : $E^{\circ}_{HgO} = E^{\circ} - 0,0591/2 \cdot \lg([H_2O]^1) + \Delta E^{\circ} = 0,0977 - 0,0515 + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = -0,224528 \text{ V}$;

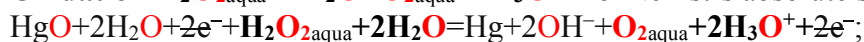
$$\Delta G_{eqHgO} = E^{\circ}_{HgO} \cdot F \cdot n = -0,224528 \cdot 96485 \cdot 2 = -43,327 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{eqHgO} = G_{HgO} + G_{H2O} - (G_{Hg} + 2G_{OH^-}) = G_{HgO} + 0 - (35,7641 + 2 \cdot 77,36) = 147,157 + 0 - (35,7641 + 2 \cdot 77,36) = -43,327 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{HgO} = \Delta G_{eqHgO} - G_{H2O} + (G_{Hg} + 2G_{OH^-}) = -43,327 - 0 + (35,7641 + 2 \cdot 77,36) = 147,157 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Reduction $HgO + 2H_2O + 2e^- = Hg + 2OH^-$, inverse standard potential $-E^{\circ}_{HgO} = 0,224528 \text{ V}$.

Oxidation $H_2O_{2(aqua)} + 2H_2O = O_{2(aqua)} + 2H_3O^+ + 2e^-$ Nernst's absolute standard potential $E^{\circ}_{RedH2O2} = 0,52677 \text{ V}$;



$$\Delta G_{eqRedOx_H2O2} = (\Delta E^{\circ}_{H2O2aqRed} - E^{\circ}_{HgO}) \cdot F \cdot n = (0,52677 + 0,224528) \cdot 96485 \cdot 2 = (0,7513) \cdot 96485 \cdot 2 = 144,978 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Summary: $HgO + H_2O_{2(aqua)} = Hg + O_{2(aqua)}$; katalāze $G_{H2O2} = 279,3 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$$\Delta G_{eqRedOx_H2O2} = G_{Hg} + G_{O2(aqua)} - (G_{HgO} + G_{H2O2}) = 35,778 + 330 - (-58,5 + 279,3) = 144,978 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$HgO; G_{Hg} = \Delta G_{eqRedOx_H2O2} - G_{O2(aqua)} + (G_{HgO} + G_{H2O2}) = 144,978 - 330 + (-58,5 + 279,3) = 35,778 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Salt **Na⁺Cl⁻ crystals** in the hydration reaction have a solubility in water of 36 g/100 g, a density of 1,203 g/mL; w%=26,4706 %; nc=49,142/12=4,0952 M.

26,4706 grams are in 100 g X grams are in 1203 g. So are $X = 26,4706/100 \cdot 1203 = 318,44$ grams **NaCl** in liter.

Concentration total is $C_{M_total} = [NaCl]_{total} = m/M = 318,44/58,4 \text{ g/mol} = 5,45274 \text{ M}$;

Water mas in liter of $m_{H2O} = 1203 - 318,44 = 884,56 \text{ g}$; Mols in liter $n_{H2O} = 884,56/18 = 49,142 \text{ mol}$;

Some of the **NaCl** remains undissociated as neutral molecules due to insufficient water resources, 49,142 moles.

Saturated non-dissociate $[NaCl] = 5,45274 - 4,0952 = 1,35754 \text{ M}$; dissociation $\alpha = 4,0952/5,45274 = 0,751$; 75,1 %;

Dissociation equilibrium $K_{dis} = [Na^+_{aq}] \cdot [Cl^-_{aq}] / [NaCl] = 4,0952 \cdot 4,0952 / 1,35754 = 12,3537$;

Solubility product equilibrium constant $K_{sp_eq} = [Na^+_{tot}] \cdot [Cl^-_{tot}] / [NaCl]_{cryst} = 5,45274 \cdot 5,45274 / 1 = 29,73237$;

Dissociation Prigogine attractor is $\Delta G_{sp_eq} = -R \cdot T \cdot \ln(K_{sp_eq}) = -8,3144 \cdot 298,15 \cdot \ln(12,3537) = -6,232 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

Thermodynamic solubility attractor is $\Delta G_{sk} = -R \cdot T \cdot \ln(K_{sk}) = -8,3144 \cdot 298,15 \cdot \ln(29,73237) = -8,409 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

Thermodynamic absolute energy scale attractor is $\Delta G_H = \Delta H_H - T \Delta S_H = -9,15 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

Substa	$\Delta H^{\circ}_H \text{ kJ/mol}$	$\Delta S^{\circ}_H \text{ J/mol/K}$	$\Delta G^{\circ}_H \text{ kJ/mol}$
Na⁺Cl⁻	-411,12	72,00	-
Na⁺aq	-240,10	59,00	-

crystallin $Na^+Cl^- + Q = Na^+_{aq} + Cl^-_{aq} + \Delta G$; **endothermic**.

$$\Delta H_{Hess} = \Delta H^{\circ}_{Na} + \Delta H^{\circ}_{Cl} - \Delta H^{\circ}_{Na+Cl} = -240,1 - 167,2 - (-411,12) = 3,82 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta S_{dissipated} = -\Delta H_H / T = -3,82/298,15 = -12,812 \text{ J/(mol K)};$$

$$\Delta S_H = \Delta S^{\circ}_{Na} + \Delta S^{\circ}_{Cl} - \Delta S^{\circ}_{NaCl} = 59 + 56,50 - (72) = 43,5 \text{ J/mol/K}; \Delta G_H = \Delta H_H - T \Delta S_H = 3,82 - 298,15 \cdot 0,0435 = -9,15 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta S_{total} = \Delta S_{Hess} + \Delta S_{dissipated} = -12,812 + 43,5 = 30,688 \text{ J/mol/K}; T \cdot \Delta S_{total} = 30,688 \cdot 298,15 = 9,15 \text{ kJ/mol}$$
 bound energy.

Strong oxidizing agents oxygen **O₂** and chlorine **Cl₂ aqua** have free energies **330 kJ/mol** un **332,58 kJ/mol**. $NaCl = Na^+ + Cl^-$; $2Cl^- = Cl_2 + H_2O = 2e^-$; Potential contains $E^{\circ}_{classic} = 1,35827 \text{ V}$ [1] water -0,04998 and sum ΔE° :

$$E^{\circ}_{2Cl-Cl2} = E^{\circ}_{classic} - 0,0591/2 \cdot \lg([H_2O]) + \Delta E^{\circ} = 1,35827 - 0,0591/2 \cdot \lg(49,142) + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = 1,037558 \text{ V};$$

$$\Delta G_{eq_2Cl-Cl2} = E^{\circ}_{Hg2Cl2} \cdot F \cdot n = 1,037558 \cdot 96485 \cdot 2 = 200,218 \text{ kJ/mol},$$

$$\Delta G_{eq_2Cl-Cl2} = G_{Cl2^{gas}} + G_{H2O} - (2G_{Cl^-}) = 332,5844 - (2 \cdot 66,1832) = 200,218 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\text{Saturated NaCl } 5,45274 \text{ M}; (2G_{Cl^-}) = G_{Cl2^{gas}} + G_{H2O} - \Delta G_{eq_2Cl-Cl2} = 332,5844 - 200,218 = 132,3664 = 2 \cdot 66,1832 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\begin{aligned}
[\text{Cl}_2] &= 4 \cdot 10^{(-14)} \text{ M}; & G_{\text{Cl}_2}^{\text{gas}} &= \Delta G_{\text{eq}_2\text{Cl-Cl}_2} - G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} + (2G_{\text{Cl-}}) = 200,218 + (2 \cdot 66,1832) = 332,584 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
K_{\text{eq}_2\text{Cl-Cl}_2} &= [\text{Cl}_2] \cdot [\text{H}_2\text{O}] / [\text{Cl-}]^2 = 4 \cdot 10^{(-14)} (\text{gasCl}_2) \cdot 49,142 / 5,45274^2 = 6,611 \cdot 10^{(-14)} (K_{\text{gasCl}_2}); \\
E_{2\text{Cl-Cl}_2} &= (E^\circ_{2\text{Cl-Cl}_2} + RT/F/n \cdot \ln(K_{\text{eq}_2\text{Cl-Cl}_2})) = (K_{\text{gasCl}_2}) = \\
&= (1,037558 + 8,3144 \cdot 298,15 / 96485 / 2 \cdot \ln(6,611 \cdot 10^{(-14)} (K_{\text{gasCl}_2}))) = 0,6477098 \text{ V}; \\
\Delta G_{\text{eq}_2\text{Cl-Cl}_2} &= E_{2\text{Cl-Cl}_2} \cdot F \cdot n = 0,6477098 (\text{ECl}_2\text{gas}) \cdot 96485 \cdot 2 = 125 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\Delta G_{\text{eq}_2\text{Cl-Cl}_2} &= G_{\text{Cl}_2}^{\text{gas}} - (2G_{\text{Cl-}}) = 257,3664 - (2 \cdot 66,1832) = 125 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
2G_{\text{Cl-}} &= G_{\text{Cl}_2}^{\text{gas}} - \Delta G_{\text{eq}_2\text{Cl-Cl}_2} = 257,3664 - 125 = 132,3664 = 2 \cdot 66,1832 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{\text{Cl}_2}^{\text{gas}} &= \Delta G_{\text{eq}_2\text{Cl-Cl}_2} + (2G_{\text{Cl-}}) = 125 + (2 \cdot 66,1832) = 257,3664 \text{ kJ/mol};
\end{aligned}$$

Prigogine absolute energy attractors for dissolution, protolysis, and reduction-oxidation of lead compounds

Formation $\text{Pb} + \text{S}_{\text{rombic}} + 2\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}} = \text{PbSO}_4$: $\Delta G^\circ_{\text{PbSO}_4\text{Form}} = G_{\text{PbSO}_4} - (G_{\text{Pb}} + G_{\text{S}_{\text{rombic}}} + 2G_{\text{O}_2}) = -813 \text{ kJ/mol}$; [1]

Molar content is $G_{\text{PbSO}_4} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{PbSO}_4\text{Form}} + (G_{\text{Pb}} + G_{\text{S}_{\text{rombic}}} + 2G_{\text{O}_2}) = -813,0 + (282,25737 + 3,5436 + 2*303,1) = 79,0 \text{ kJ/mol}$.

Solubility [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lead\(II\)_sulfate](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lead(II)_sulfate) $\text{PbSO}_{4(s)} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{SO}_4^{2-}$; $0,0425 \text{ g/1000mL H}_2\text{O}$;

$[\text{PbSO}_4] = 0,0425/303,26 \text{ g/mol} = 0,000140144 \text{ M}$; $K_{\text{sp}} = [\text{PbSO}_4]^2 = 0,000140144^2 = 1,96403*10^{(-8)}$;

$K_{\text{PbSO}_4} = K_{\text{sp}}/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]^2 = 1,964*10^{(-8)}/55,3^2 = 8,27314*10^{(-12)}$;

Solubility URI 2018 $K_{\text{sp}} = 2,53*10^{(-8)}$; $K_{\text{PbSO}_4} = K_{\text{sp}}/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]^2 = 2,53*10^{(-8)}/55,3^2 = 8,2731*10^{(-12)}$;

$[\text{PbSO}_4] = \text{SQRT}(2,53*10^{(-8)}) = 0,00015906 \text{ M}$; $K_{\text{PbSO}_4} = K_{\text{sp}}/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]^2 = 2,53*10^{(-8)}/55,3^2 = 6,8837*10^{(-12)}$;

25°C [1] Solubility $\text{PbSO}_{4(s)} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{SO}_4^{2-}$; $(0,0425)/0,044 \text{ g/1000mL H}_2\text{O}$; $M_{\text{PbSO}_4} = 303,26 \text{ g/mol}$;

$[\text{PbSO}_4] = 0,044/303,26 = 0,00014509 \text{ M}$; $K_{\text{sp}} = [\text{PbSO}_4]^2 = 0,00014509^2 = 2,1051*10^{(-8)}$;

$K_{\text{PbSO}_4} = K_{\text{sp}}/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]^2 = 2,1051*10^{(-8)}/55,3^2 = 6,8837*10^{(-12)}$;

$\Delta G_{\text{eqPbSO}_4} = -R \cdot T \cdot \ln(K_{\text{AbsolutePbSO}_4}) = -8,314*298,15 \cdot \ln(6,8837*10^{(-12)}) = 63,71 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$\Delta G_{\text{eqPbSO}_4} = G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} - (G_{\text{PbSO}_4} + 2G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 215,4144 + 54,9256 - (206,63 + 2*0) = 63,71 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} = \Delta G_{\text{eqPbSO}_4} - G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} + (G_{\text{PbSO}_4} + 2G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 63,71 - 54,9256 + (206,63 + 2*0) = 215,4144 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$\text{Pb(Hg)} + \text{SO}_4^{2-} = \text{PbSO}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 2e^-$; pH=7,36 Expression of potential has standard $E^\circ_{\text{classic}} = -0,3505 \text{ V}$ [1], water logarithm and ΔE° : $E^\circ_{\text{Pb/PbSO}_4} = E^\circ_{\text{classic}} - 0,0591/2 \cdot \log([\text{H}_2\text{O}]) + \Delta E^\circ = -0,3505 - 0,0515 + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = -0,67273 \text{ V}$;

$\Delta G_{\text{eqPb/Pb/PbSO}_4} = E^\circ_{\text{Pb/Pb/PbSO}_4} \cdot F \cdot n = -0,67273 \cdot 96485 \cdot 2 = -129,8167 \text{ kJ/mol}$

$\Delta G_{\text{eqPb/Pb/PbSO}_4} = G_{\text{PbSO}_4} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} - (G_{\text{Pb}} + G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}}) = 207,3631 + 0 - (282,2575 + 54,9256) = -129,82 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$G_{\text{PbSO}_4} = \Delta G_{\text{eqPb/Pb/PbSO}_4} - G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} + (G_{\text{Pb}} + G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}}) = -129,82 - 0 + (282,2575 + 54,9256) = 207,363 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$G_{\text{Pb}} = G_{\text{PbSO}_4} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} - (\Delta G_{\text{eqPb/Pb/PbSO}_4} + G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}}) = 207,3631 + 0 - (-129,82 + 54,9256) = 282,2575 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$\text{Pb} + \text{SO}_4^{2-} = \text{PbSO}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 2e^-$; pH=7,36 Expression of potential has standard $E^\circ_{\text{classic}} = -0,3588 \text{ V}$ [1], water logarithm and sum ΔE° : $E^\circ_{\text{Pb/PbSO}_4} = E^\circ_{\text{classic}} - 0,0591/2 \cdot \log([\text{H}_2\text{O}]) + \Delta E^\circ = -0,3588 - 0,0515 + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = -0,681028 \text{ V}$;

$\Delta G_{\text{eqPb/Pb/PbSO}_4} = E^\circ_{\text{Pb/Pb/PbSO}_4} \cdot F \cdot n = -0,681028 \cdot 96485 \cdot 2 = -131,41797 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$\Delta G_{\text{eqPb/Pb/PbSO}_4} = G_{\text{PbSO}_4} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} - (G_{\text{Pb}} + G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}}) = 205,76497 + 0 - (282,25737 + 54,9256) = -131,41797 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$G_{\text{PbSO}_4} = \Delta G_{\text{eqPb/Pb/PbSO}_4} - G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} + (G_{\text{Pb}} + G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}}) = -131,41797 - 0 + (282,2575 + 54,9256) = 205,76497 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$G_{\text{Pb}} = G_{\text{PbSO}_4} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} - (\Delta G_{\text{eqPb/Pb/PbSO}_4} + G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}}) = 205,76497 + 0 - (-131,41797 + 54,9256) = 282,25737 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$\text{Pb} + \text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{Pb}^{2+} + 2e^-$; pH<=7,36 Expression of potential has standard $E^\circ_{\text{classic}} = -0,1262 \text{ V}$ [1], water logarithm and ΔE° : $E^\circ_{\text{Pb/Pb}^{2+}} = E^\circ_{\text{classic}} - 0,0591/2 \cdot \log(1/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]) + \Delta E^\circ = -0,1262 + 0,0515 + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = -0,34543 \text{ V}$;

$\Delta G_{\text{eqPb/Pb}^{2+}} = E^\circ_{\text{Pb/Pb}^{2+}} \cdot F \cdot n = -0,34543 \cdot 96485 \cdot 2 = -66,6576 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$\Delta G_{\text{eqPb/Pb}^{2+}} = G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + 2G_{e^-} - (G_{\text{Pb}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 215,4144 + 2*0 - (282,0676 + 0) = -66,6576 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} = \Delta G_{\text{eqPb/Pb}^{2+}} - 2G_{e^-} + (G_{\text{Pb}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = -66,6576 - 2*0 + (282,0676 + 0) = 215,41 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$G_{\text{Pb}} = G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + 2G_{e^-} - (\Delta G_{\text{eqPb/Pb}^{2+}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 215,41 + 2*0 - (-66,6576 + 0) = 282,0676 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$2G_{e^-} = \Delta G_{\text{eqPb/Pb}^{2+}} - G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + (G_{\text{Pb}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = -66,6576 - 215,4144 + (282,0676 + 0) = 2*0 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

Formation $\text{Pb} = \text{Pb}^{2+} + 2e^-$; $\Delta G^\circ = G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + 2G_{e^-} - (G_{\text{Pb}}) = 215,414 + 2G_{e^-} - (282,0676) = -24,43 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$2G_{e^-} = \Delta G^\circ - G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + (G_{\text{Pb}}) = -24,43 - 215,414 + (282,0676) = 42,2236 = 2*21,1118 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

Formation $\text{Pb} + \text{O}_2^{\text{gas}} = \text{PbO}_2(s)$; $G_{\text{PbO}_2} = \Delta G_{\text{PbO}_2} + (G_{\text{Pb}} + G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = -217,3 + (282,0676 + 303,1) = 367,8676 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$\text{Pb}^{2+} + 6\text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{PbO}_2(s) + 4\text{H}_3\text{O}^+ + 2e^-$; Expression of potential has standard $E^\circ_{\text{classic}} = 1,455 \text{ V}$ [1], water logarithm and ΔE° : $E^\circ_{\text{PbO}_2} = E^\circ_{\text{classic}} - 0,0591/2 \cdot \log(1/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]^6) + \Delta E^\circ = 1,455 + 0,30899 + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = 1,493255 \text{ V}$;

$\Delta G_{\text{eqPbO}_2/\text{Pb}^{2+}} = E^\circ_{\text{PbO}_2/\text{Pb}^{2+}} \cdot F \cdot n = 1,493255 \cdot 96485 \cdot 2 = 288,1534 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$\Delta G_{\text{eqPbO}_2/\text{Pb}^{2+}} = G_{\text{PbO}_2} + 4G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} - (G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + 6G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 383,9944 + 4*22,44 - (215,41 + 6*0) = 288,1534 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$G_{\text{PbO}_2} = \Delta G_{\text{eqPbO}_2/\text{Pb}^{2+}} - 4G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} + (G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + 6G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 288,1534 - 4*22,44 + (215,41 + 6*0) = 383,9944 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} = G_{\text{PbO}_2} + 4G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} - (\Delta G_{\text{eqPbO}_2/\text{Pb}^{2+}} + 6G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 383,9944 + 4*22,44 - (288,1534 + 6*0) = 185,601 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$E_{\text{PbO}_2/\text{Pb}^{2+}} = E^\circ_{\text{PbO}_2/\text{Pb}^{2+}} + 0,0591/2 \cdot \log \frac{[\text{PbO}_2][\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]^6}{[\text{Pb}^{2+}][\text{H}_2\text{O}]^3} = 1,493255 \text{ V} + 0,0591/2 \cdot \log \frac{[\text{PbO}_2][\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]^6}{[\text{Pb}^{2+}][\text{H}_2\text{O}]^3}$;

Formation $0,5\text{Cl}_2 + e^- = \text{Cl}^-(\text{aq})$; $\Delta G_{\text{eqCl}} = G_{\text{Cl}^-(\text{aq})} - (0,5G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}} + G_{e^-}) = 66,1832 - (0,5*142,836 + G_{e^-}) = -131,2 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$G_{e^-} = G_{\text{Cl}^-(\text{aq})} - (0,5G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}} + \Delta G_{\text{eqCl}}) = 66,1832 - (0,5*142,836 - 131,2) = 125,9652 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$G_{\text{Cl}^-(\text{aq})} = \Delta G_{\text{eqCl}} + (0,5G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}} + G_{e^-}) = -131,2 + (0,5*142,836 + 178,720) = 66,1832 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

Formation $\text{Pb} + \text{Cl}_2 = \text{PbCl}_2(s)$; $\Delta G^\circ_{\text{PbCl}_2\text{Form}} = G_{\text{PbCl}_2} - (G_{\text{Pb}} + G_{\text{Cl}_2}) = -314,1 \text{ kJ/mol}$; [1] Energy content of mol

$G_{\text{PbCl}_2} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{PbCl}_2\text{Form}} + (G_{\text{Pb}} + G_{\text{Cl}_2}) = -314,1 + (282,25737 + 332,584) = 300,74 \text{ kJ/mol}$.

25°C [1] $10,8 \text{ g/1000mL H}_2\text{O}$; $M_{\text{PbCl}_2} = 278,1 \text{ g/mol}$; 25°C $[\text{PbCl}_2] = 10,8/278,1 = 0,038835 \text{ M}$;

$K_{\text{sp}} = [\text{PbCl}_2] \cdot (2*[\text{PbCl}_2])^2 = [\text{Pb}^{2+}] \cdot (2*[\text{Cl}^-])^2 = 0,03883495 \cdot (2*0,03883495)^2 = 0,000234276 \text{ M}^3$;

25°C $K_{\text{PbCl}_2} = K_{\text{sp}}/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]^3 = 0,000234276/55,3^3 = 1,385327*10^{(-9)} = 10^{(-8,858447)}$;

[1] Solubility $\text{PbCl}_2 + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{Cl}^-$; $K_{\text{sp}} = [\text{Pb}^{2+}][\text{Cl}^-]^2/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]^3 = 1,7*10^{(-5)}/55,3^3 = 10^{(-9,9977)}$;

$\Delta G_{\text{eqPbCl}_2} = -R \cdot T \cdot \ln(K_{\text{AbsolutePbCl}_2}) = -8,314*298,15 \cdot \ln(10^{(-9,9977)}) = 57,06379 \text{ kJ/mol}$

$\Delta G_{\text{eqPbCl}_2} = G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + 2G_{\text{Cl}^-} - (G_{\text{PbCl}_2} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 215,4144 + 2*66,1832 - (290,717 + 3*0) = 57,06379 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$G_{\text{PbCl}_2} = G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + 2G_{\text{Cl}^-} - (\Delta G_{\text{eqPbCl}_2} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 215,4144 + 2*66,1832 - (57,06379 + 3*0) = 290,717 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$$[1] \text{ Solubility } \text{PbSO}_4^{2-} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{SO}_4^{2-}; K_{sp} = [\text{Pb}^{2+}] * [\text{SO}_4^{2-}] / [\text{H}_2\text{O}]^2 = 2,53 * 10^{(-8)} / 55,3^2 = 10^{(-11,082)};$$

$$\Delta G_{eq} \text{PbSO}_4 = -R \cdot T \cdot \ln(K_{\text{AbsolutePbSO}_4}) = -8,314 * 298,15 * \ln(10^{(-11,082)}) = 63,2526 \text{ kJ/mol}$$

$$\Delta G_{eq} \text{PbSO}_4 = G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} - (G_{\text{PbSO}_4} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 215,4144 + 54,9256 - (207,0874 + 3*0) = 63,2526 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{PbSO}_4} = G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} - (\Delta G_{eq} \text{PbSO}_4 + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 215,4144 + 54,9256 - (63,2526 + 3*0) = 207,0874 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} = \Delta G_{eq} \text{PbSO}_4 - G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} + (G_{\text{PbSO}_4} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 63,2526 - 54,9256 + (207,0874 + 3*0) = 215,4144 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Substance	$\Delta H^\circ_{\text{H}}, \text{kJ/mol}$	$\Delta S^\circ_{\text{H}}, \text{J/mol/K}$	$\Delta G^\circ_{\text{H}}, \text{kJ/mol}$
Pb	$E^\circ_{\text{Pb} \downarrow \text{Pb}^{2+}} =$	-0,34543 V	282,0676
Pb	$E^\circ_{\text{Pb}/\text{PbSO}_4} =$	-0,68103 V	282,25737
Pb	$E^\circ_{\text{Pb} \downarrow \text{PbCl}_2} =$	-0,64123 V	292,11
$\text{PbSO}_4(\text{s})$	-919,97	148,5	-813,0
$\text{PbSO}_4(\text{s})$	formation	-813,0	79,00097
$\text{PbSO}_4(\text{s})$	$K_{sp} =$	$10^{(-11,082)}$	207,0874
$\text{PbSO}_4(\text{s})$	$E^\circ_{\text{Pb}/\text{PbSO}_4} =$	-0,68102	205,765
Pb^{2+}	$E^\circ_{\text{PbO}_2 \downarrow \text{Pb}^{2+}} =$	1,493255 V	185,601
Pb^{2+}	$E^\circ_{\text{Pb}/\text{Pb}^{2+}} =$	-0,34543 V	215,41
Pb^{2+}	-1,7	10,5	-24,43
$\text{Pb}^{2+} \text{ Ge-}$	formation	-24,43	2*21,1118
Pb^{2+}	$K_{\text{PbSO}_4} =$	$10^{(-11,082)}$	215,414-
$\text{PbCl}_2(\text{s})$	-359,4	135,98	-314,1
$\text{PbCl}_2(\text{s})$	formation	-314,1	300,74
$\text{PbCl}_2(\text{s})$	$K_{\text{PbCl}_2} =$	$10^{(-9,9977)}$	290,717
Cl_2^{gas}	$\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2(\text{s})$ formation		139,1718
Cl_2^{gas}	$\text{HgCl}_2(\text{s})$ formation		142,8
$\text{Cl}_{2\text{aqNaCl}}$	$E^\circ_{2\text{Cl}-\text{Cl}_2} =$	1,03756 V	332,584
$^{14}\text{Cl}_{2\text{aqNaCl}}$	$K_{eq} \text{ } 2\text{Cl}-\text{Cl}_2 =$	0,64771 V	257,366
$\text{Cl}-(\text{aq})$	-167,2	56,6	-131,2
$\text{Cl}-(\text{aq}) \text{ Ge-}$	formation	-131,2	125,9652
$\text{Cl}-(\text{aq})$	formation	-131,2	66,1832
$\text{Cl}-(\text{aq})$	$K_{\text{AbsoluteHg}_2\text{Cl}_2} =$	$10^{(-23,07)}$	66,05455
$\text{Cl}-(\text{aq})$	$E^\circ_{2\text{Cl}-\text{Cl}_2} =$	1,03756 V	66,1832
$\text{PbI}_2(\text{s})$	-175,5	174,9	-173,6
$\text{PbI}_2(\text{s})$	PbI_2 formation	-173,6	345,128
$\text{PbI}_2(\text{s})$	$K_{\text{PbI}_2} = 10^{-13,23695}$		343,634
$\text{PbI}_2(\text{s})$	$E^\circ_{\text{Pb}/\text{PbI}_2} =$	-0,738725 V	334,925
I-	-55,19	111,3	-51,57
I- Ge-	formation	-51,57	30,9442
I-	$E^\circ_{\text{I}-\text{I}_2} =$	0,2137725	97,60945
I-	$K_{\text{PbI}_2} = 10^{-13,23695}$		102,63
I_2	PbI_2 formation	-173,6	236,4706
I_2	$E^\circ_{\text{I}-\text{I}_2} =$	0,21377 V	245,022
$\text{PbO}_{\text{yellow}}$	-217,32	68,7	-187,89
PbO_{red}	-218,99	66,5	-188,931
$\text{PbO}_2 \downarrow$	-277,4	68,6	-217,3
$\text{PbO}_2 \downarrow$	$E^\circ_{\text{PbO}_2 \downarrow \text{Pb}^{2+}} =$	1,493255 V	383,9944
$\text{PbO}_2 \downarrow$	formation	-217,3	367,8676
$\text{Pb}(\text{OH})_2(\text{s})$	-515,9	-203,589	-455,2
$\text{Pb}(\text{OH})_2(\text{s})$	formation	-455,2	215,757
$\text{Pb}(\text{OH})_2(\text{s})$	$K_{\text{Pb}(\text{OH})_2} = 8,4559 * 10^{-26}$		227,0244
$\text{Pb}(\text{OH})_2(\text{s})$	$K_{eq} \text{ } \text{Pb}(\text{OH})_2\text{s}$	$1,07 * 10^{20}$	284,8644
$\text{Pb}(\text{OH})_{2\text{aq}}$	$K_{\text{Pb}(\text{OH})_{2\text{aq}}} = 1,355 * 10^{-16,91}$		306,839
HPbO_2^-	$E^\circ_{\text{Pb}/\text{HPbO}_2^-} =$	-0,859228	348,532

$$\text{Pb} + \text{SO}_4^{2-} = \text{PbSO}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{e}^-; \text{pH} = 7,36 \text{ } E^\circ_{\text{classic}} = -0,3588 \text{ V } [1]$$

$$E^\circ_{\text{Pb}/\text{PbSO}_4} = E^\circ_{\text{classic}} - 0,0591/2 * \log([\text{H}_2\text{O}]) + \Delta E^\circ = -0,3588 - 0,0515 + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = -0,681028 \text{ V}$$

$$\Delta G_{eq} \text{Pb}/\text{PbSO}_4 = E^\circ_{\text{Pb}/\text{PbSO}_4} * F * n = -0,681028 * 96485 * 2 = -131,41797 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

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$$G_{\text{Pb}} = G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} - (\Delta G_{eq} \text{Pb} \downarrow \text{Pb}^{2+} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 215,41 - (-66,6576 + 0) = 282,0676 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Pb}} = G_{\text{PbSO}_4} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} - (\Delta G_{eq} \text{Pb}/\text{PbSO}_4 + G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}}) = 282,25737 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Pb}} = G_{\text{PbCl}_2} + 2G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} - (\Delta G_{eq} \text{Pb}/\text{PbCl}_2 + 2G_{\text{Cl}^-}) = 292,11 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$[1] \Delta G^\circ = \Delta H^\circ - T * \Delta S^\circ = -919,97 - 298,15 * 0,1485 = -964,245 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{PbSO}_4} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{PbSO}_4 \text{Form}} + (G_{\text{Pb}} + G_{\text{Srombic}} + 2G_{\text{O}_2}) = 79,00097 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{PbSO}_4} = G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} - (\Delta G_{eq} \text{PbSO}_4 + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 207,0874 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{PbSO}_4} = \Delta G_{eq} \text{Pb}/\text{PbSO}_4 - G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} + (G_{\text{Pb}} + G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}}) = 205,76497 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} = G_{\text{PbO}_2} + 4G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} - (\Delta G_{eq} \text{PbO}_2 \downarrow \text{Pb}^{2+} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 185,601 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} = \Delta G_{eq} \text{Pb} \downarrow \text{Pb}^{2+} + (G_{\text{Pb}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 215,41 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$[1] \Delta G^\circ = \Delta H^\circ - T * \Delta S^\circ = -1,7 - 298,15 * 0,0105 = -4,830575 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$2G_{\text{e-}} = \Delta G^\circ - G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + (G_{\text{Pb}}) = -24,43 - 215,414 + (282,067) = 42,2236 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} = \Delta G_{eq} \text{PbSO}_4 - G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} + (G_{\text{PbSO}_4} + 2G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 215,4144 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{\text{Cl-}} = \Delta H_{\text{H-}} - T * \Delta S_{\text{H-}} = -359,4 - 298,15 * 0,13598 = -399,94 \text{ kJ/mol}; [1]$$

$$G_{\text{PbCl}_2} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{PbCl}_2} + (G_{\text{Pb}} + G_{\text{Cl}_2}) = 300,74 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{PbCl}_2} = G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + 2G_{\text{Cl-}} - (\Delta G_{eq} \text{PbCl}_2 + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 290,717 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Cl}_2} = -(2G_{\text{Hg}} + \Delta G^\circ_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2}) = -(2*35,7641 - 210,7) = 139,1718 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Cl}_2} = -(G_{\text{Hg}} + \Delta G^\circ_{\text{HgCl}_2}) = -(35,8 - 178,6) = 142,8 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Cl}_2}^{\text{gas}} = \Delta G_{eq} \text{ } 2\text{Cl-Cl}_2 + (2G_{\text{Cl-}}) = 200,218 + (2*66,1832) = 332,584 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Cl}_2}^{\text{gas}} = \Delta G_{eq} \text{ } 2\text{Cl-Cl}_2 + (2G_{\text{Cl-}}) = 125 + (2*66,1832) = 257,3664 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{\text{Cl-}} = \Delta H_{\text{H-}} - T * \Delta S_{\text{H-}} = -167,2 - 298,15 * 0,0566 = -183,955 \text{ kJ/mol}; [1]$$

$$\Delta G_{\text{e-}} = G_{\text{Cl-}(\text{aq})} - (0,5G_{\text{Cl}_2}^{\text{gas}} + \Delta G_{eq} \text{Cl}) = 125,9652 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Cl-}(\text{aq})} = \Delta G_{eq} \text{Cl} + (0,5G_{\text{Cl}_2}^{\text{gas}} + G_{\text{e-}}) = 66,1832 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Cl-}} = (-G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} + \Delta G_{eq} \text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2 + (G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}})) / 2 = 66,05455 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$2G_{\text{Cl-}} = G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} + 2G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} - (\Delta G_{eq} \text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2 + 2G_{\text{Hg}}) = 2*66,1832 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{\text{Cl-}} = \Delta H_{\text{H-}} - T * \Delta S_{\text{H-}} = -175,5 - 298,15 * 0,1749 = -227,65 \text{ kJ/mol}; [1]$$

$$G_{\text{PbI}_2} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{PbI}_2 \text{Form}} + (G_{\text{Pb}} + G_{\text{I}_2}) = 345,128 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{PbI}_2} = G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + 2G_{\text{I-}} - (\Delta G_{eq} \text{PbI}_2 + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 343,634 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{PbI}_2} = \Delta G_{eq} \text{Pb}/\text{PbI}_2 - 2G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} + (G_{\text{Pb}} + 2G_{\text{I-}}) = 334,925 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{\text{Cl-}} = \Delta H_{\text{H-}} - T * \Delta S_{\text{H-}} = -55,19 - 298,15 * 0,1113 = -88,374 \text{ kJ/mol}; [1]$$

$$G_{\text{e-}} = G_{\text{I-}} - (0,5G_{\text{I}_2}) = 101,8852 - (0,5*245,022 - 51,57) = 30,9442 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$2G_{\text{I-}} = G_{\text{PbI}_2} + 2G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} - (G_{\text{Pb}} + \Delta G_{eq} \text{Pb}/\text{PbI}_2) = 195,219 = 2*97,609 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$2G_{\text{I-}} = \Delta G_{eq} \text{PbI}_2 - G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + (G_{\text{PbCl}_2} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 205,264 = 2*102,63 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{I}_2} = G_{\text{PbI}_2(\text{s})} - (G_{\text{Pb}} + \Delta G^\circ_{\text{PbI}_2 \text{Form}}) = 236,4706 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{I}_2} = \Delta G_{eq} \text{I-}/\text{I}_2 - G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} + (2G_{\text{I-}}) = 41,2517 - 0 + (2*101,8852) = 245,022 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

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ecampusontario.pressbooks.pub/ $K_{\text{Pb}(\text{OH})_2 \text{SO}_4}$

$$[1] \Delta G_{\text{Cl-}} = \Delta H_{\text{H-}} - T * \Delta S_{\text{H-}} = -277,4 - 298,15 * 0,0686 = -297,853 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{PbO}_2} = \Delta G_{eq} \text{PbO}_2 \downarrow \text{Pb}^{2+} - 4G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} + (G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 383,9944 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{PbO}_2} = \Delta G_{\text{PbO}_2} + (G_{\text{Pb}} + G_{\text{O}_2}^{\text{gas}}) = -217,3 + (282,0676 + 303,1) = 367,87 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$[34] \Delta S^\circ = (\Delta H^\circ - \Delta G^\circ) / T = (-515,9 + 455,2) / 298,15 = -203,589 \text{ J/mol/K};$$

$$G_{\text{Pb}(\text{OH})_2} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{Pb}(\text{OH})_2} + (G_{\text{Pb}} + G_{\text{O}_2} + G_{\text{H}_2}^{\text{gas}}) = 215,757 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Pb}(\text{OH})_2} = G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + 2G_{\text{OH-}} - (\Delta G_{eq} \text{Pb}(\text{OH})_2 + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 227,0244 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Pb}(\text{OH})_2(\text{s})} = G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} - (\Delta G_{eq} \text{Pb}(\text{OH})_2\text{s} + 2G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+}) = 284,8644 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Pb}(\text{OH})_2} = \Delta G_{eq} \text{Pb} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} - 2G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} + (G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + 4G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 306,839 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{HPbO}_2^-} = \Delta G_{eq} \text{Pb}/\text{HPbO}_2^- - G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} + (G_{\text{Pb}^{2+}} + 3G_{\text{OH-}}) = 348,532 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\Delta G_{eqPb/Pb/PbSO_4} &= G_{PbSO_4} + G_{H_2O} - (G_{Pb} + G_{SO_4^{2-}}) = 205,76497 + 0 - (282,25737 + 54,9256) = -131,41797 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{PbSO_4} &= \Delta G_{eqPb/Pb/PbSO_4} - G_{H_2O} + (G_{Pb} + G_{SO_4^{2-}}) = -131,41797 - 0 + (282,25737 + 54,9256) = 205,76497 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{Pb} &= G_{PbSO_4} + G_{H_2O} - (\Delta G_{eqPb/Pb/PbSO_4} + G_{SO_4^{2-}}) = 205,76497 + 0 - (-131,41797 + 54,9256) = 282,25737 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
Pb + 2Cl^- &= PbCl_{2(s)} + 2H_2O + 2e^-; \text{ pH}=7,36 \text{ Potential has } E^{\circ}_{classic} = -0,2675 \text{ V [1], water logarithm and sum } \Delta E^{\circ}: \\
E^{\circ}_{Pb/Pb_2+} &= E^{\circ}_{classic} - 0,0591/2 * \log([H_2O]^2) + \Delta E^{\circ} = -0,2675 - 0,103 + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = -0,641225 \text{ V}; \\
\Delta G_{eqPb/PbCl_2} &= E^{\circ}_{Pb/PbCl_2} * F * n = -0,641225 * 96485 * 2 = -123,737 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\Delta G_{eqPb/PbCl_2} &= G_{PbCl_2} + 2G_{H_2O} - (G_{Pb} + 2G_{Cl^-}) = 368,623 + 2*0 - (282,25737 + 2*101,885) = -123,737 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{Pb} &= G_{PbCl_2} + 2G_{H_2O} - (\Delta G_{eqPb/PbCl_2} + 2G_{Cl^-}) = 300,74 + 2*0 - (-123,737 + 2*66,1832) = 292,11 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\text{Formation Pb} + O_2^{gas} + H_2^{gas} &= Pb(OH)_2; \\
\Delta G^{\circ}_{Pb(OH)_2} &= G_{Pb(OH)_2} - (G_{Pb} + G_{O_2} + G_{H_2}^{gas}) = G_{Pb(OH)_2} - (282,25737 + 303,1 + 85,6) = -455,2 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{Pb(OH)_2} &= \Delta G^{\circ}_{Pb(OH)_2} + (G_{Pb} + G_{O_2} + G_{H_2}^{gas}) = -455,2 + (282,25737 + 303,1 + 85,6) = 215,757 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
[1] 25^{\circ}C, K_{sp} &= [Pb^{2+}] * 4 * [OH^-]^2 = 1,43 * 10^{(-20)}; (K_{sp}/4)^{1/3} = [Pb(OH)_2] = (1,43/4 * 10^{(-20)})^{(1/3)} = 1,52906 * 10^{(-7)} \text{ M}; \\
\text{Solubility Pb(OH)}_{2(s)} + 3H_2O &= Pb^{2+} + 2OH^-; K_{Pb(OH)_2} = K_{sp}/[H_2O]^3 = 1,43 * 10^{(-20)}/55,3^3 = 8,45592 * 10^{(-26)}; \\
\Delta G_{eqPb(OH)_2} &= -R * T * \ln(K_{AbsolutePb(OH)_2}) = -8,314 * 298,15 * \ln(8,45592 * 10^{(-26)}) = 143,11 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\Delta G_{eqPb(OH)_2} &= G_{Pb^{2+}} + 2G_{OH^-} - (G_{Pb(OH)_2} + 3G_{H_2O}) = 215,4144 + 2*77,36 - (227,0244 + 2*0) = 143,11 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{Pb(OH)_2} &= G_{Pb^{2+}} + 2G_{OH^-} - (\Delta G_{eqPb(OH)_2} + 3G_{H_2O}) = 215,4144 + 2*77,36 - (143,11 + 2*0) = 227,0244 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{Pb^{2+}} &= \Delta G_{eqPb(OH)_2} - 2G_{OH^-} + (G_{Pb(OH)_2} + 3G_{H_2O}) = 143,11 - 2*77,36 + (227,0244 + 2*0) = 215,4144 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
Pb + 3OH^- &= HPbO_2^- + H_2O + 2e^-; \text{ pH}=7,36 \text{ Expression of potential has standard } E^{\circ}_{classic} = -0,537 \text{ V [1], udens} \\
\text{logaritmu } -0,0591/2 * \log(55,3) &= -0,0515 \text{ un summu } \Delta E^{\circ} = +0,10166 - 0,37239: \\
E^{\circ}_{Pb/HPbO_2^-} &= E^{\circ}_{classic} - 0,0591/2 * \log([H_2O]) + \Delta E^{\circ} = -0,537 - 0,0591/2 * \log(55,3) + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = -0,85923 \text{ V}; \\
\Delta G_{eqPb/HPbO_2^-} &= E^{\circ}_{I-/I2} * F * n = -0,85923 * 96485 * 2 = -165,80513 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\Delta G_{eqPb/HPbO_2^-} &= G_{HPbO_2^-} + G_{H_2O} - (G_{Pb} + 3G_{OH^-}) = 348,532 + 0 - (282,25737 + 3*77,36) = -165,80513 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{HPbO_2^-} &= \Delta G_{eqPb/HPbO_2^-} - G_{H_2O} + (G_{Pb} + 3G_{OH^-}) = -165,80513 - 0 + (282,25737 + 3*77,36) = 348,532 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\text{Neutralisation protolysis reaction favored – spontaneous equilibrium: Pb(OH)}_{2(s)} + 2H_3O^+ &= Pb^{2+} + 4H_2O; [31] \\
K_{prot_Pb(OH)_2 + 2H_3O^+} &= 10^{(13,06)}; K_{eq_Pb(OH)_2 + 2H_3O^+} = K_{prot} * [H_2O] = 10^{(13,06)} * 55,3^4 = 1,07374 * 10^{20}; \\
\Delta G_{eq_Pb(OH)_2 + 2H_3O^+} &= -R * T * \ln(K_{eq_Pb(OH)_2 + 2H_3O^+}) = -8,314 * 298,15 * \ln(1,07374 * 10^{20}) = -114,33 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\Delta G_{eq_Pb(OH)_2 + 2H_3O^+} &= G_{Pb^{2+}} + G_{H_2O} - (G_{Pb(OH)_2(s)} + 2G_{H_3O^+}) = 215,4144 + 0 - (284,8644 + 2*22,44) = -114,33 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{Pb(OH)_2(s)} &= G_{Pb^{2+}} + G_{H_2O} - (\Delta G_{eq_Pb(OH)_2 + 2H_3O^+} + 2G_{H_3O^+}) = 215,4144 + 0 - (-114,33 + 2*22,44) = 284,8644 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\text{Lead Pb(II) ion hydrolytic protolysis reaction unfavored – non spontaneous Pb}^{2+} + 4H_2O &= Pb(OH)_{2(aq)} + 2H_3O^+; [31] \\
K_{protPb + 2H_2O} &= 10^{(-16,91)}; K_{eqPb + 2H_2O} = K_{protPb + 2H_2O}/[H_2O]^4 = 10^{(-16,91)}/55,3^4 = 1,315526 * 10^{(-24)}; \\
\Delta G_{eqPb + 2H_2O} &= -R * T * \ln(K_{eqPb + 2H_2O}) = -8,314 * 298,15 * \ln(1,315526 * 10^{(-24)}) = 136,3048 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\Delta G_{eqPb + 2H_2O} &= G_{Pb(OH)_{2(aq)}} + 2G_{H_3O^+} - (G_{Pb^{2+}} + 4G_{H_2O}) = 306,839 + 2*22,44 - (215,4144 + 4*0) = 136,3048 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{Pb(OH)_{2(aq)}} &= \Delta G_{eqPb + 2H_2O} - 2G_{H_3O^+} + (G_{Pb^{2+}} + 4G_{H_2O}) = 136,3048 - 2*22,44 + (215,4144 + 4*0) = 306,839 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\text{Formation Pb} + I_2 &= PbI_{2(s)}; \Delta G^{\circ}_{PbI_2Form} = G_{PbI_2} - (G_{Pb} + G_{I_2}) = 345,128 - (282,25737 + 236,4706) = -173,6 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
[1] \text{ Molar content is } G_{I_2} &= G_{PbI_2(s)} - (G_{Pb} + \Delta G^{\circ}_{PbI_2Form}) = 345,128 - (282,25737 - 173,6) = 236,4706 \text{ kJ/mol}. \\
G_{PbI_2} &= \Delta G^{\circ}_{PbI_2Form} + (G_{Pb} + G_{I_2}) = -173,6 + (282,25737 + 236,4706) = 345,128 \text{ kJ/mol}; \text{ Solubility [1]} \\
PbI_2 + 3H_2O &= Pb^{2+} + 2I^-; [1] 0,76 g/1000g H_2O; M_{PbCl_2} = 461,01 g/mol; 25^{\circ}C [PbI_2] = 0,76/461,01 = 0,0355987 \text{ M}; \\
[1] 25^{\circ}C K_{PbI_2} &= K_{sp}/[H_2O]^3 = 9,8 * 10^{(-9)}/55,3^3 = 10^{(-13,23695)}; \\
\Delta G_{eqPbI_2} &= -R * T * \ln(K_{AbsolutePbCl_2}) = -8,314 * 298,15 * \ln(10^{(-13,23695)}) = 75,5524 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\Delta G_{eqPbI_2} &= G_{Pb^{2+}} + 2G_{I^-} - (G_{PbI_2} + 3G_{H_2O}) = 215,4144 + 2*102,63 - (345,128 + 3*0) = 75,5464 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
2G_{I^-} &= \Delta G_{eqPbI_2} - G_{Pb^{2+}} + (G_{PbI_2} + 3G_{H_2O}) = 75,5464 - 215,4144 + (345,128 + 3*0) = 205,26 = 2*102,63 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{PbI_2} &= G_{Pb^{2+}} + 2G_{I^-} - (\Delta G_{eqPbI_2} + 3G_{H_2O}) = 215,4144 + 2*102,63 - (75,5464 + 3*0) = 345,128 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
3I^- &= I + I_2 + H_2O + 2e^-; \text{ Expression of potential has standard } E^{\circ}_{classic} = 0,536 \text{ V [1], water logarithm and} \\
\text{sum } \Delta E^{\circ}: E^{\circ}_{I-/I2} &= E^{\circ}_{classic} - 0,0591/2 * \log([H_2O]^1) + \Delta E^{\circ} = 0,536 - 0,0591/2 * \log(55,3^1) + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = 0,21377 \text{ V}; \\
\Delta G_{eqI-/I2} &= E^{\circ}_{I-/I2} * F * n = 0,2137725 * 96485 * 2 = 41,25168 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\Delta G_{eqI-/I2} &= G_{I_2} + G_{H_2O} - (2G_{I^-}) = 245,022 + 2*0 - (2*y) = 41,25168 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{I_2} &= \Delta G_{eqI-/I2} - G_{H_2O} + (2G_{I^-}) = 41,25168 - 0 + (2*101,8852) = 245,022 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
2G_{I^-} &= G_{I_2} + G_{H_2O} - (\Delta G_{eqI-/I2}) = 245,022 + 0 - (41,25168) = 203,77 = 2*101,8852 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
Pb + 2I^- &= PbI_2 + 2H_2O + 2e^-; \text{ pH}=7,36 \text{ Expression of potential has standard } E^{\circ}_{classic} = -0,365 \text{ V [1], water logarithm and} \\
\Delta E^{\circ}: E^{\circ}_{Pb/PbI_2} &= E^{\circ}_{classic} - 0,0591/2 * \log([H_2O]^2) + \Delta E^{\circ} = -0,365 - 0,103 + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = -0,738725 \text{ V}; \\
\Delta G_{eqPb/PbI_2} &= E^{\circ}_{Pb/PbI_2} * F * n = -0,738725 * 96485 * 2 = -142,55 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\Delta G_{eqPb/PbI_2} &= G_{PbI_2} + 2G_{H_2O} - (G_{Pb} + 2G_{I^-}) = 334,925 + 2*0 - (282,25737 + 2*97,609) = -142,55 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{PbI_2} &= \Delta G_{eqPb/PbI_2} - 2G_{H_2O} + (G_{Pb} + 2G_{I^-}) = -142,55 - 2*0 + (282,25737 + 2*97,609) = 334,925 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
2G_{I^-} &= G_{PbI_2} + 2G_{H_2O} - (G_{Pb} + \Delta G_{eqPb/PbI_2}) = 334,925 + 2*0 - (282,25737 - 142,55) = 195,2176 = 2*97,609 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
\text{Formation } 0,5I_2 + e^- &= I^-; \Delta G^{\circ}_{I^-} = G_{I^-} - (0,5G_{I_2} + G_{e^-}) = 101,8852 - (0,5*245,022 + G_{e^-}) = -51,57 \text{ kJ/mol}; \\
G_{e^-} &= G_{I^-} - (0,5G_{I_2} +) = 101,8852 - (0,5*245,022 - 51,57) = 30,9442 \text{ kJ/mol};
\end{aligned}$$

Prigogine absolute energy attractors for dissolution, protolysis, and reduction-oxidation of aluminum compounds
 $\text{Al} + \text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{Al}^{3+} + 3\text{e}^-$; Expression of potential has standard $E^\circ_{\text{classic}} = -1,676 \text{ V}$ [1], water logarithm and ΔE° :

$$E^\circ_{\text{Al}/\text{Al}^{3+}} = E^\circ_{\text{classic}} - 0,0591/3 \cdot \log(1/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]) + \Delta E^\circ = -1,676 + 0,03433 + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = -1,9124 \text{ V};$$

$$\Delta G_{\text{eqAl}/\text{Al}^{3+}} = E^\circ_{\text{Al}/\text{Al}^{3+}} \cdot F \cdot n = -1,912398 \cdot 96485 \cdot 3 = -553,55316 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{\text{eqAl}/\text{Al}^{3+}} = G_{\text{Al}^{3+}} + 3G_{\text{e}^-} - (G_{\text{Al}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 256,5103 + 3 \cdot 0 - (810,0635 + 0) = -553,55316 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Al}^{3+}} = \Delta G_{\text{eqAl}/\text{Al}^{3+}} - 3G_{\text{e}^-} + (G_{\text{Al}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = -553,55316 - 3 \cdot 0 + (810,0635 + 0) = 256,5103 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Al}} = G_{\text{Al}^{3+}} + 3G_{\text{e}^-} - (\Delta G_{\text{eqAl}/\text{Al}^{3+}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 256,5103 + 3 \cdot 0 - (-553,55316 + 0) = 810,0635 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$3G_{\text{e}^-} = \Delta G_{\text{eqAl}/\text{Al}^{3+}} - G_{\text{Al}^{3+}} - (G_{\text{Al}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = -553,55316 - 256,5103 + (810,0635 + 0) = 0,0 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

[1] Formation $\text{Al} + \text{H}_2\text{O}^{\text{gas}} + 0,5\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}} = \text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{3+} + 3\text{e}^-$;

$$\Delta G^\circ_{\text{Al}^{3+}} = G_{\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{3+}} + 3G_{\text{e}^-} - (G_{\text{Al}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}^{\text{gas}}} + 0,5G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 493,6605 + 3 \cdot 22,851 - (810,0635 + 0,5 \cdot 303,1 + 85,6) = -485 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{3+}} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{Al}^{3+}} - 3G_{\text{e}^-} + (G_{\text{Al}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}^{\text{gas}}} + 0,5G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = -485 - 3 \cdot 22,851 + (810,0635 + 0,5 \cdot 303,1 + 85,6) = 493,6605 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$3G_{\text{e}^-} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{Al}^{3+}} - G_{\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{3+}} + (G_{\text{Al}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} + 0,5G_{\text{O}_2}) = -485 - 493,6605 + (810,0635 + 0,5 \cdot 303,1 + 85,6) = 3 \cdot 22,85 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Substance	$\Delta H^\circ_{\text{H}}$, kJ/mol	$\Delta S^\circ_{\text{H}}$, J/mol/K	$\Delta G^\circ_{\text{H}}$, kJ/mol
<u>Al</u>	-	28,3 [1]	-
<u>Al(3e-)</u>	$E^\circ_{\text{Al}/\text{Al}^{3+}}$	-1,9124 V	810,0635
<u>Al(H₂O)³⁺</u>	$E^\circ_{\text{Al}/\text{Al}^{3+}}$	-1,9124 V	256,51
<u>Al(H₂O)³⁺</u>	-531,0	-321,7	-485,0
<u>Al³⁺ 3Ge-</u>	formation	-485,0	3*22,851
<u>Al(H₂O)³⁺</u>	formation	-485,0	493,6605
<u>Al(H₂O)³⁺</u>	$K_{\text{eq}} = K_{\text{b}}/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]$	$10^{-6,742725}$	493,6605
<u>AlOH²⁺_{aq}</u>	formation	-694,1	264,6115
<u>AlOH²⁺_{Ge-}</u>	formation	-694,1	2*22,851
<u>Al₂O₃</u>	-1675,7	50,92	-1582,3
<u>Al₂O₃</u>	formation	-1582,3	492,477
<u>AlCl₃</u>	-705,6	109,3	-630,1
<u>AlCl₃</u>	Formation	-630,1	394,1635
<u>Cl₂^{gas}</u>	HgCl _{2(s)} formation	142,8	
<u>Cl₋(aq)</u>	-167,2	56,6	-131,2
<u>Cl₋(aq) Ge-</u>	formation	-131,2	125,9652
<u>Cl₋(aq)</u>	formation	-131,2	66,1832
<u>α-Al(OH)₃</u>	-1276	70,1	-1153
<u>Al 3e-</u>	formation	-1153	810,0635
<u>α-Al(OH)₃</u>	formation	-1153	240,1135
<u>γ-Al(OH)₃</u>	-1293		-1154,9
<u>Al(OH)₃</u>	$K_{\text{Al(OH)}_3} =$	$1,9 \cdot 10^{-33}$	499,19
<u>H₂AlO₃⁻</u>	$E^\circ_{\text{H}_2\text{AlO}_3/\text{Al}}$	-2,63506	356,7725
<u>NaAlO₂↓</u>	-1133,2	70,4	-

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$$G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = 0 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Al}} = G_{\text{Al}^{3+}} - (\Delta G_{\text{eqAl}/\text{Al}^{3+}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 241,5817 - (-553,55316) = 810,0635 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Al}^{3+}} = \Delta G_{\text{eqAl}/\text{Al}^{3+}} + (G_{\text{Al}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 256,51 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G^\circ_{\text{Al}^{3+}} = \Delta H^\circ_{\text{H}} - T \cdot \Delta S^\circ_{\text{H}} = -538,4 - 298,15 \cdot -0,325 = -441,5 \text{ kJ/mol}; [1]$$

$$3G_{\text{e}^-} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{Al}^{3+}} - G_{\text{Al}^{3+}} + (G_{\text{Al}}) = -485 - 241,5817 + (795,13486) = 3 \cdot 22,851 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{3+}} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{Al}^{3+}} - 3G_{\text{e}^-} + (G_{\text{Al}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} + 0,5G_{\text{O}_2}) = 493,6605 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{[\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{3+}} = \Delta G_{[\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{3+}} - G_{\text{OH}} + (G_{\text{AlOH}_2} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 256,5103 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{AlOH}_2} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{AlOH}_2} - 2G_{\text{e}^-} + (G_{\text{Al}} + 0,5G_{\text{O}_2} + 0,5G_{\text{H}_2}) = 264,61 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$2G_{\text{e}^-} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{AlOH}_2} - G_{\text{AlOH}_2} + (G_{\text{Al}} + 0,5G_{\text{O}_2} + 0,5G_{\text{H}_2}) = 2 \cdot 22,851 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G^\circ_{\text{Al}^{3+}} = \Delta H^\circ_{\text{H}} - T \cdot \Delta S^\circ_{\text{H}} = -1675,6 - 298,15 \cdot 0,05092 = -1690,8 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3} + (2G_{\text{Al}} + 1,5G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 492,477 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$[31] \Delta G^\circ_{\text{AlCl}_3} = \Delta H^\circ - T \cdot \Delta S^\circ = -705,6 - 298,15 \cdot 0,1093 = -738,2 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$[31] G_{\text{AlCl}_3} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{Al}_2\text{Cl}_3} + (G_{\text{Al}} + 1,5G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 394,1635 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Cl}_2} = -(G_{\text{Hg}} + \Delta G^\circ_{\text{HgCl}_2}) = -(35,8 - 178,6) = 142,8 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{\text{Cl}} = \Delta H_{\text{H}} - T \cdot \Delta S_{\text{H}} = -167,2 - 298,15 \cdot 0,0566 = -183,955 \text{ kJ/mol}; [1]$$

$$G_{\text{e}^-} = G_{\text{Cl}-(\text{aq})} - (0,5G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}} + \Delta G_{\text{eqCl}}) = 125,9652 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Cl}-(\text{aq})} = \Delta G_{\text{eqCl}} + (0,5G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}} + G_{\text{e}^-}) = 66,1832 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$[78] \Delta G^\circ_{\text{AlCl}_3} = \Delta H^\circ_{\text{H}} - T \cdot \Delta S^\circ_{\text{H}} = -1276 - 298,15 \cdot 0,0701 = -690 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Al}} = G_{\text{Al(OH)}_3} - (\Delta G^\circ_{\text{Al(OH)}_3} + 1,5G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}} + 1,5G_{\text{H}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 810,0635 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Al(OH)}_3} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{Al(OH)}_3} + (G_{\text{Al}} + 1,5G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}} + 1,5G_{\text{H}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 240,1135 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

[78]

$$G_{\text{Al(OH)}_3} = G_{\text{Al}^{3+}} + 3G_{\text{OH}^-} - (\Delta G_{\text{eqAl(OH)}_3} + 4G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 499,19 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{H}_2\text{AlO}_3} = \Delta G_{\text{eqH}_2\text{AlO}_3/\text{Al}} - G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} + (G_{\text{Al}} + 4G_{\text{OH}}) = 356,7725 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

CRC [1] Veidošanās no brīviem elementiem NaAlO₂↓;

[1] Formation $\text{Al} + 0,5\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}} + 0,5\text{H}_2^{\text{gas}} = \text{AlOH}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^-$; $\Delta G^\circ_{\text{AlOH}_2} = G_{\text{AlOH}_2} + 2G_{\text{e}^-} - (G_{\text{Al}} + 0,5G_{\text{O}_2} + 0,5G_{\text{H}_2}) =$

$$= 264,6115 + 2 \cdot 22,851 - (810,0635 + 0,5 \cdot 303,1 + 0,5 \cdot 85,6) = -694,1 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{AlOH}_2} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{AlOH}_2} - 2G_{\text{e}^-} + (G_{\text{Al}} + 0,5G_{\text{O}_2} + 0,5G_{\text{H}_2}) =$$

$$= -694,1 - 2 \cdot 22,851 + (810,0635 + 0,5 \cdot 303,1 + 0,5 \cdot 85,6) = 264,6115 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$2G_{\text{e}^-} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{AlOH}_2} - G_{\text{AlOH}_2} + (G_{\text{Al}} + 0,5G_{\text{O}_2} + 0,5G_{\text{H}_2}) =$$

$$= -694,1 - 264,6115 + (810,0635 + 0,5 \cdot 303,1 + 0,5 \cdot 85,6) = 45,702 = 2 \cdot 22,851 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Formation $\text{Al} + 1,5\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}} + 1,5\text{H}_2^{\text{gas}} = \text{Al(OH)}_3$;

$$\Delta G^\circ_{\text{Al(OH)}_3} = G_{\text{Al(OH)}_3} - (G_{\text{Al}} + 1,5G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}} + 1,5G_{\text{H}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 240,1135 - (810,0635 + 1,5 \cdot 303,1 + 1,5 \cdot 85,6) = -1153 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Al(OH)}_3} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{Al(OH)}_3} + (G_{\text{Al}} + 1,5G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}} + 1,5G_{\text{H}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = -1153 + (810,0635 + 1,5 \cdot 303,1 + 1,5 \cdot 85,6) = 240,1135 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Al}} = G_{\text{Al(OH)}_3} - (\Delta G^\circ_{\text{Al(OH)}_3} + 1,5G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}} + 1,5G_{\text{H}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 240,1135 - (-1153 + 1,5 \cdot 303,1 + 1,5 \cdot 85,6) = 810,0635 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Solubility products <https://owl.oit.umass.edu/departments/Chemistry/appendix/ksp.html>

$\text{Al(OH)}_3(\text{s}) + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{Al}^{3+} + 3\text{OH}^-$; $3^{\wedge}3 = 27$;

$$K_{\text{sp}} = [\text{Al}^{3+}] \cdot [\text{OH}^-]^3 = [\text{Al}^{3+}] \cdot (3 \cdot [\text{Al}^{3+}])^3 = [\text{Al}^{3+}]^4 \cdot 3^3 = 1,9 \cdot 10^{-(33)} = 10^{-(32,72125)};$$

$$\text{Dissolute } [\text{Al(OH)}_3] = (1,9 \cdot 10^{-(33)})^{(1/4)} = 2,896326 \cdot 10^{-(9)} \text{ M};$$

$$K_{\text{Al(OH)}_3} = K_{\text{sp}}/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]^4 = 1,9 \cdot 10^{-(33)}/55,3^4 = 2,03167 \cdot 10^{-(40)} = 10^{-(39,692)} = K_{\text{Al(OH)}_3}$$

$$\Delta G_{\text{eqAl(OH)}_3} = -R \cdot T \cdot \ln(K_{\text{Al(OH)}_3}) = -8,314 \cdot 298,15 \cdot \ln(2,03167 \cdot 10^{-(40)}) = 226,5505 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{\text{eqAl(OH)}_3} = G_{\text{Al(H}_2\text{O)}_3} + 3G_{\text{OH}^-} - (G_{\text{Al(OH)}_3} + 4G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 493,6605 + 3 \cdot 77,36 - (499,19 + 4 \cdot 0) = 226,5505 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Al(OH)}_3} = G_{\text{Al(H}_2\text{O)}_3} + 3G_{\text{OH}^-} - (\Delta G_{\text{eqAl(OH)}_3} + 4G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 493,6605 + 3 \cdot 77,36 - (226,5505 + 4 \cdot 0) = 499,19 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Formation $2\text{Al}+1,5\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}=\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$;

$$\Delta G^\circ_{\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3} = G_{\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3} - (2G_{\text{Al}} + 1,5G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 492,477 - (2*810,0635 + 1,5*303,1) = -1582,3 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3} + (2G_{\text{Al}} + 1,5G_{\text{O}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = -1582,3 + (2*810,0635 + 1,5*303,1) = 492,477 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Formation $\text{Al}+1,5\text{Cl}_2=\text{AlCl}_3$; $\Delta G^\circ_{\text{AlCl}_3} = G_{\text{AlCl}_3} - (G_{\text{Al}} + 1,5G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 394,1635 - (810,0635 + 1,5*142,8) = -630,1 \text{ kJ/mol};$

$$G_{\text{AlCl}_3} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{AlCl}_3} + (G_{\text{Al}} + 1,5G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = -630,1 + (810,0635 + 1,5*142,8) = 394,1635 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$3e^-; G_{\text{Al}} = G_{\text{AlCl}_3} - (\Delta G^\circ_{\text{AlCl}_3} + 1,5G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 394,1635 - (-630,1 + 1,5*142,8) = 810,0635 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Solubility AlCl_3 ; $w\% = 31,1\%$ $31,1\text{g}/131\text{g} = X/1000\text{g}$ $31,1\text{g}/131\text{g} * 1000\text{g} = X = \text{g}$

$\text{Al} + 4\text{OH}^- = \text{H}_2\text{AlO}_3^- + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 3e^-$; Absolută potențială aprēkins satur standarta potențialu $E^\circ_{\text{classic}} = -2,33 \text{ V}$ [1], ūdens logaritmu un ΔE° : $E^\circ_{\text{H}_2\text{AlO}_3^-/\text{Al}} = E^\circ_{\text{classic}} - 0,0591/3 * \log([\text{H}_2\text{O}]) + \Delta E^\circ = -2,33 + 0,0343 + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = -2,63506 \text{ V};$

$$\Delta G_{\text{eqH}_2\text{AlO}_3/\text{Al}} = E^\circ_{\text{H}_2\text{AlO}_3/\text{Al}} * F * n = -2,63506 * 96485 * 3 = -762,731 \text{ kJ/mol}; -0,0591/3 * \log(1/55,3) = +0,0343;$$

$$\Delta G_{\text{eqH}_2\text{AlO}_3/\text{Al}} = G_{\text{H}_2\text{AlO}_3} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} - (G_{\text{Al}} + 4G_{\text{OH}}) = 356,7725 + 0 - (810,0635 + 4*77,36) = -762,731 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{H}_2\text{AlO}_3} = \Delta G_{\text{eqH}_2\text{AlO}_3/\text{Al}} - G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} + (G_{\text{Al}} + 4G_{\text{OH}}) = -762,731 - 0 + (810,0635 + 4*77,36) = 356,7725 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$E_{\text{AlO}_2^-/\text{Al}} = E^\circ_{\text{AlO}_2^-/\text{Al}} + 0,0591/3 * \log \frac{[\text{H}_2\text{AlO}_3^-][\text{H}_2\text{O}]}{[\text{Al}] \cdot [\text{OH}]^4} = -2,63506 \text{ V} + 0,0591/3 * \log \frac{[\text{H}_2\text{AlO}_3^-][\text{H}_2\text{O}]}{[\text{Al}] \cdot [\text{OH}]^4};$$

Base dissociation $\text{pK}_b = 5,0$ [1] (protolysis) equilibrium constant $\text{Al}(\text{OH})^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{3+} + \text{OH}^-$;

$$K_{\text{eq}} = K_b / [\text{H}_2\text{O}] = [\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{3+}] * [\text{OH}^-] / [\text{Al}(\text{OH})^{2+}] / [\text{H}_2\text{O}] = 10^{-(5,0)} / 55,3 = 10^{-(6,742725)};$$

$$\Delta G_{\text{eqAl}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{3+}} = -R * T * \ln(K_{\text{eqAl}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{3+}}) = -8,314 * 298,15 * \ln(10^{-(6,742725)}) = 38,4854 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{[\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{3+}} = G_{[\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{3+}} + G_{\text{OH}^-} - (G_{\text{AlOH}_2^+} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 493,6605 + 77,36 - (532,535 + 0) = 38,4854 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{AlOH}_2^+} = G_{[\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{3+}} + G_{\text{OH}^-} - (\Delta G_{[\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{3+}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 493,6605 + 77,36 - (38,4854 + 0) = 532,535 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{[\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{3+}} = \Delta G_{[\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{3+}} - G_{\text{OH}^-} + (G_{\text{AlOH}_2^+} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 38,4854 - 77,36 + (532,535 + 0) = 493,6605 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Prigogine absolute energy attractors for dissolution, protolysis, and reduction-oxidation of calcium compounds.

Metal calcium $\text{Ca}_{(s)} + \text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{Ca}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^-$; Absolute potential $E^\circ_{\text{classic}} = -2,868 \text{ V}$ [1], $E^\circ_{\text{Ca/Ca}^{2+}} = -3,08723 \text{ V}$

$\text{Ca}_{(s)} + \text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{2+} + 2\text{e}^-$; Absolute potential $E^\circ_{\text{classic}} = -2,868 \text{ V}$ [1], water logarithm 0,0515 and sum ΔE° :

$E^\circ_{\text{Ca/Ca}^{2+}} = E^\circ_{\text{classic}} - 0,0591/2 * \log(1/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]^1) + \Delta E^\circ = -2,868 - 0,0591/2 * \log(1/55,3^{^1}) + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = -3,08723 \text{ V}$.

$$\Delta G_{\text{eq_Ca}} = E^\circ_{\text{Ca}^{2+}} \cdot F \cdot 2 = -3,08723 * 96485 * 2 = -595,743 \text{ kJ/mol},$$

$$\Delta G_{\text{eq_Ca}} = G_{\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{2+}} + 2G_{\text{e}^-} - (G_{\text{Ca}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 51,5763 + 2*0 - (647,319 + 0) = -595,743 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{2+}} = \Delta G_{\text{eq_Ca}} - 2G_{\text{e}^-} + (G_{\text{Ca}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = -595,743 - 2*0 + (647,319 + 0) = 51,5763 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Ca}} = G_{\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{2+}} + 2G_{\text{e}^-} - (\Delta G_{\text{eq_Ca}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 51,5763 + 2*0 - (-595,743 + 0) = 647,319 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$2G_{\text{e}^-} = \Delta G_{\text{eq_Ca}} - G_{\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{2+}} + (G_{\text{Ca}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = -595,743 - 51,5763 + (647,319 + 0) = 2*0,0 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Substance	$\Delta H^\circ_{\text{H}_2}$, kJ/mol	$\Delta S^\circ_{\text{H}_2}$, J/mol/K	$\Delta G^\circ_{\text{H}_2}$, kJ/mol
$\text{G}_{\text{Ca}} \text{ CaO}_{(s)}$	formation	-603,3	647,319
Ca G_{Ca}	$E^\circ_{\text{Ca/Ca}^{2+}}$	-3,08723 V	553,91
$\text{Ca G}_{\text{e}} - \text{G}_{\text{Ca}}$	$G_{\text{e}} = 22,9745$	51,5763	647,319
$\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{2+}$	$E^\circ_{\text{Ca/Ca}^{2+}}$	-3,08723 V	51,5763
$\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{2+}$	K_{eqCaCO_3}	$= 10^{-11,959}$	77,5403
$\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{2+}$	$\text{pK}_{\text{b}12,6[1]}$	$= 10^{-14,3427}$	284,96
Ca^{2+}	-542,8	-53,1	-553,6
$\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{2+}$	formation	-553,6	284,96
Ca^+	$E^\circ_{\text{Ca/Ca}^+}$	-3,967735	264,492
Cl_2^{gas}	$\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2_{(s)}$ formation	139,1718	139,1718
Cl_2^{gas}	$\text{HgCl}_2_{(s)}$ formation	142,8	142,8
$\text{Cl}_{2\text{aqNaCl}}$	$E^\circ_{2\text{Cl-Cl}_2}$	1,03756 V	332,584
$^{14}\text{Cl}_{2\text{aqNaCl}}$	$K_{\text{eq } 2\text{Cl-Cl}_2}$	0,64771 V	257,366
Cl^-	-167,2	56,5	-131,2
$\text{Cl}^-_{(\text{aq})}$	formation	-131,2	66,1832
$\text{Cl}^-_{(\text{aq})}$	$K_{\text{AbsoluHg}_2\text{Cl}_2}$	$10^{-(23,07)}$	66,05455
$\text{Cl}^-_{\text{aqNaCl}}$	$E^\circ_{2\text{Cl-Cl}_2}$	1,03756 V	66,1832
Cl^-	K_{eqCaCl_2}	$10^{-2,03095}$	95,559
Cl^-	K_{spAgCl}	$10^{-13,24}$	101,885
$\text{CaCl}_{2(s)}$	-795,4	108,4	-748,8
$\text{CaCl}_{2(s)}$	formation	-748,8	231,103
$\text{CaO}_{(s)}$	format G_{CaO}	195,569	-603,3
$\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_{2(s)}$	-985,2	83,4	-897,5
$\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_{2(s)}$	formation	-897,5	138,56
$\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_{2(s)}$	$K_{\text{eqCa}(\text{OH})_2}$	$10^{-(10,5275)}$	146,2086
CaOH^+	formation	-718,4	101,0705
CaOH^+	K_{spCaCO_3}	$10^{-(10,2164)}$	114,061
CaOH^+	$K_{\text{b}}/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]$	$10^{-(14,3427)}$	280,4563
CaOH^+	$K_{\text{sp}}/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]^3$	$10^{-(16,895)}$	280,4563
Ge- CaOH^+	formation	-718,4	22,2184
$\text{CaSO}_{4(s)}$	-1434,5	106,5	-1322,0
$\text{CaSO}_{4(s)}$	formation	-1322,0	94,9951
$\text{CaSO}_{4(s)}$	$K_{\text{sp}}/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]^3$	$10^{-(16,895)}$	261,3904
SO_4^{2-}	$E^\circ_{\text{SO}_3^{2-}}$	0,05576	54,9256
$\text{CaCO}_{3(s)}$	-1207,6	91,7	-1129,1
$\text{CaCO}_{3(s)}$	formation	-1081,4	111,829
CO_3^{2-}	-677,1	-56,9	-527,8
Ge- CO_3^{2-}	formation	-527,8	2*42,2185
CO_3^{2-}	K_{eq}	$10^{-12,0727}$	102,547
HCO_3^-	-692	91,2	-586,8
Ge- HCO_3^-	formation	-586,8	54,15
$\text{G}_{\text{HCO}_3^-}$	56,08	$\text{G}_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+}$	22,44

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$$G_{\text{Ca}} = G_{\text{CaO}} - (\Delta G^\circ_{\text{CaO}} + 0,5G_{\text{O}_2}) = 647,319 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Ca}} = G_{\text{Ca}^{2+}} - (\Delta G_{\text{eq_Ca}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = -41,8317 - (-595,743 + 0) = 553,91 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Ca}} = G_{\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{2+}} - (\Delta G_{\text{eq_Ca}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 51,5763 - (-595,743 + 0) = 647,32 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{2+}} = \Delta G_{\text{eq_Ca}} + (G_{\text{Ca}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 51,5763 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{2+}} = \Delta G_{\text{eqCaCO}_3} - G_{\text{CO}_3^{2-}} + (G_{\text{CaCO}_3} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 77,5403 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{2+}} = G_{\text{Ca}(\text{OH})^+} + G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} - (\Delta G_{[\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{2+}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 284,96 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$[1] \Delta G^\circ = \Delta H^\circ_{\text{H}_2} - T \cdot \Delta S^\circ_{\text{H}_2} = -542,8 - 298,15 * -0,0531 = -526,968 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{2+}} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{Ca}^{2+}} - 2G_{\text{e}^-} + (G_{\text{Ca}} + 0,5 * G_{\text{O}_2} + G_{\text{H}_2}) = 284,96 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Ca}^{2+}} = \Delta G_{\text{eq_Ca}} + (G_{\text{Ca}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = -382,827 + (647,319 + 0) = 264,49 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Cl}_2} = -(2G_{\text{Hg}} + \Delta G^\circ_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2}) = -(2 * 35,7641 - 210,7) = 139,1718 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Cl}_2} = -(G_{\text{Hg}} + \Delta G^\circ_{\text{HgCl}_2}) = -(35,8 - 178,6) = 142,8 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Cl}_2}^{\text{gas}} = \Delta G_{\text{eq_2Cl-Cl}_2} + (2G_{\text{Cl}^-}) = 200,218 + (2 * 66,1832) = 332,584 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Cl}_2}^{\text{gas}} = \Delta G_{\text{eq_2Cl-Cl}_2} + (2G_{\text{Cl}^-}) = 125 + (2 * 66,1832) = 257,3664 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{\text{Cl}^-} = \Delta H - T \cdot \Delta S = -167,2 - 298,15 * 0,0565 = -184,05 \text{ kJ/mol}; [1]$$

$$G_{\text{Cl}^-_{(\text{aq})}} = \Delta G_{\text{eq_Cl}^-} + (0,5G_{\text{Cl}_2}^{\text{gas}} + G_{\text{e}^-}) = 66,1832 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Cl}^-} = -(G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} + \Delta G_{\text{eqHg}_2\text{Cl}_2} + (G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}))/2 = 66,05455 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$2G_{\text{Cl}^-} = G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} + 2G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} - (\Delta G_{\text{eq_Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} + 2G_{\text{Hg}}) = 2 * 66,1832 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$2G_{\text{Cl}^-} = \Delta G_{\text{eqCaCl}_2} - G_{\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{2+}} + (G_{\text{CaCl}_2} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 2 * 95,5594 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Cl}^-} = -(G_{\text{Hg}_2^{2+}} + \Delta G_{\text{eqHg}_2\text{Cl}_2} + (G_{\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}))/2 = 101,885 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$[1] \Delta G^\circ = \Delta H^\circ - T \cdot \Delta S^\circ = -795,4 - 298,15 * 0,1084 = -827,71946 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{CaCl}_2} = \Delta G_{\text{FormatCaCl}_2} + (G_{\text{Ca}} + G_{\text{Cl}_2}^{\text{gas}}) = 231,103 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$[1] G_{\text{CaO}} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{CaO}} + (G_{\text{Ca}} + 0,5G_{\text{O}_2}) = 195,569 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$[1] \Delta G^\circ = \Delta H^\circ - T \cdot \Delta S^\circ = -985,2 - 298,15 * 0,0834 = -1010,0657 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$[1] G_{\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2} = \Delta G_{\text{formCa}(\text{OH})_2} + (G_{\text{Ca}} + G_{\text{O}_2} + G_{\text{H}_2}) = 138,56 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2} = G_{\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{2+}} + 2G_{\text{OH}^-} - (\Delta G_{\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 146,2086 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{CaOH}^+} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{CaOH}^+} - G_{\text{e}^-} + (G_{\text{Ca}} + 0,5 * G_{\text{O}_2} + 0,5 * G_{\text{H}_2}) = 101,0705 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{CaOH}^+} = \Delta G_{\text{eqCaCO}_3} - G_{\text{HCO}_3^-} + (G_{\text{CaCO}_3} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 114,061 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Ca}(\text{OH})^+} = G_{[\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{2+}} + G_{\text{OH}^-} - (\Delta G_{[\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{2+}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 280,4563 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Ca}(\text{OH})^+} = G_{[\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{2+}} + G_{\text{OH}^-} - (\Delta G_{[\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{2+}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 280,4563 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{e}^-} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{CaOH}^+} - G_{\text{CaOH}^+} + (G_{\text{Ca}} + 0,5 * G_{\text{O}_2} + 0,5 * G_{\text{H}_2}) = 22,2184 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$[1] \Delta G^\circ = \Delta H^\circ - T \cdot \Delta S^\circ = -1434,5 - 298,15 * -0,1063 = -1402,8067 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{CaSO}_4} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{CaSO}_4} + (G_{\text{Ca}} + G_{\text{S}_{\text{rhom}}} + 2G_{\text{O}_2}) = 94,9951 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{CaSO}_4} = G_{\text{CaOH}^+} + G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} + G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} - (\Delta G_{\text{eqCaSO}_4} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 261,39 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}} = \Delta G_{\text{eqH}_2\text{SO}_3} - 2G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} + (G_{\text{H}_2\text{SO}_3} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 54,9256 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$[1] \Delta G^\circ = \Delta H^\circ - T \cdot \Delta S^\circ = -1220,0 - 298,15 * -0,110 = -1187,2035 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{CaCO}_3} = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{CaCO}_3} + (G_{\text{Ca}} + 1,5G_{\text{O}_2} + G_{\text{C}_{\text{graph}}}) = 111,829 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$[1] \Delta G^\circ = \Delta H^\circ - T \cdot \Delta S^\circ = -677,1 - 298,15 * -0,0569 = -1187,2035 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$2G_{\text{e}^-} = G_{\text{CO}_3^{2-}} - (G_{\text{C}_{\text{gr}}} + 1,5G_{\text{O}_2} + \Delta G^\circ_{\text{CO}_3^{2-}}) = 84,437 = 2 * 42,2185 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{CO}_3^{2-}} = \Delta G_{\text{eqHCO}_3^-} - G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} + (G_{\text{HCO}_3^-} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 102,547 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$[1] \Delta G^\circ = \Delta H^\circ - T \cdot \Delta S^\circ = -692 - 298,15 * 0,0912 = -719,19 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{e}^-} = G_{\text{HCO}_3^-} - (0,5G_{\text{H}_2} + 1,5G_{\text{O}_2} + G_{\text{C}_{\text{graph}}} + \Delta G^\circ_{\text{HCO}_3^-}) = 54,15 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{HCO}_3^-} = 56,08 \text{ kJ/mol}; G_{\text{H}_3\text{O}^+} = 22,44 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Metal calcium $\text{Ca}_{(s)} + \text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})^{2+} + \text{e}^-$ Absolute potential $E^\circ_{\text{classic}} = -3,80 \text{ V}$ [1], water 0,102995 and sum ΔE° :

$E^\circ_{\text{Ca/Ca}^+} = E^\circ_{\text{classic}} - 0,0591/1 * \log(1/[\text{H}_2\text{O}]^1) + \Delta E^\circ = -3,80 - 0,0591/1 * \log(1/55,3) + 0,10166 - 0,37239 = -3,967735 \text{ V}$.

$$\Delta G_{\text{eq}} = E^\circ_{\text{Ca}^{2+}} \cdot F \cdot 1 = -3,96773494473989 * 96485 * 1 = -382,827 \text{ kJ/mol},$$

$$\Delta G_{eq} = G_{Ca(H_2O)} - (G_{Ca} + G_{H_2O}) = 264,492 - (647,319 + 0) = -382,827 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{Ca(H_2O)} = \Delta G_{eq_Ca} + (G_{Ca} + G_{H_2O}) = -382,827 + (647,319 + 0) = 264,492 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Ca(H₂O)²⁺ [1] Formation Ca + 0,5*O₂ + H₂ = Ca(H₂O)²⁺ + 2e⁻;

$$\Delta G^{\circ}_{Ca^{2+}} = G_{Ca(H_2O)^{2+}} + 2G_{e^-} - (G_{Ca} + 0,5*G_{O_2} + G_{H_2}) = 284,92 + 2*22,9745 - (647,319 + 0,5*303,1 + 85,64) = -553,6 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{Ca} = G_{Ca(H_2O)^{2+}} + 2G_{e^-} - (\Delta G^{\circ}_{Ca^{2+}}) = 284,92 + 2*22,9745 - (-553,6 + 0,5*303,1 + 85,64) = 647,279 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{Ca(H_2O)^{2+}} = \Delta G^{\circ}_{Ca^{2+}} + 2G_{e^-} + (G_{Ca} + 0,5*G_{O_2} + G_{H_2}) = -553,6 - 2*22,9745 + (647,319 + 0,5*303,1 + 85,64) = 284,92 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$2G_{e^-} = \Delta G^{\circ}_{Ca^{2+}} - G_{Ca(H_2O)^{2+}} + (G_{Ca} + 0,5*G_{O_2} + G_{H_2}) = -553,6 - 284,92 + (647,319 + 0,5*303,1 + 85,64) = 2*22,9745 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Metal Ca_s + 2OH⁻ = Ca(OH)_{2s} + 2e⁻ Absolute potential E^o_{classic} = -3.02 V [1], water logarithm 0.0515 and sum ΔE^o:

$$E^{\circ}_{Ca/Ca(OH)_2} = E^{\circ}_{classic} - 0.0591/2 * \log(1/[H_2O]^1) + \Delta E^{\circ} = -3.02 - 0.0591/2 * \log(1/55.3) + 0.10166 - 0.37239 = -3.2392 \text{ V}.$$

$$\Delta G_{Ca/Ca(OH)_2} = E^{\circ}_{Ca^{2+}} * F * 2 = -3,23923247 * 96485 * 2 = -625,0747 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{Ca/Ca(OH)_2} = G_{Ca} + 2G_{OH^-} - (G_{Ca(OH)_2} + G_{H_2O}) = -633,586 + 2*77,36 - (146,2086 + 0) = -625,0747 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{Ca} = \Delta G_{Ca/Ca(OH)_2} - 2G_{OH^-} + (G_{Ca(OH)_2}) = -625,0747 - 2*77,36 + (146,2086) = -633,586 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{H_3O^+} + G_{HCO_3^-} = 22,44 + 56,08 = G_{H_2CO_3} + G_{CaHCO_3} = 18,38 \text{ kJ/mol} + 60,14 \text{ kJ/mol} = 78,52 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Formation Ca + 1,5O₂ + C_{gr} = CaCO_{3(s)}; G_{O2} = 303,1 kJ/mol; G_{gr} = 91,26 kJ/mol; G_{HCO3} = 56,08 kJ/mol;

$$\Delta G^{\circ}_{CaCO_3} = G_{CaCO_3} - (G_{Ca} + 1,5G_{O_2} + G_{Cgraph}) = 0 - (647,319 + 1,5*303,1 + 91,26) = -1081,4 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{CaCO_3} = \Delta G^{\circ}_{CaCO_3} + (G_{Ca} + 1,5G_{O_2} + G_{Cgraph}) = -1081,4 + (647,319 + 1,5*303,1 + 91,26) = 111,829 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Formation 0,5H₂ + C_{gr} + 1,5O₂ + e⁻ = HCO₃⁻;

$$\Delta G^{\circ}_{HCO_3} = G_{HCO_3} - (0,5G_{H_2} + 1,5G_{O_2} + G_{Cgraph} + G_{e^-}) = 56,08 - (0,5*85,64 + 1,5*303,1 + 91,26 + 54,15) = -586,8 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{e^-} = G_{HCO_3} - (0,5G_{H_2} + 1,5G_{O_2} + G_{Cgraph} + \Delta G^{\circ}_{HCO_3}) = 56,08 - (0,5*85,64 + 1,5*303,1 + 91,26 - 586,8) = 54,15 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

[1] Solubility CaCO_{3(s)} + 2H₂O = Ca(H₂O)²⁺ + CO₃²⁻; K_{sp} = [Ca²⁺] * [CO₃²⁻] / [H₂O]² = 3,36 * 10^{^(-9)} / 55,3² = 10^{^(-11,959)};

$$\Delta G_{eqCaCO_3} = -R * T * \ln(K_{eqCaCO_3}) = -8,314 * 298,15 * \ln(10^{(-11,959)}) = 68,2583 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{eqCaCO_3} = G_{Ca(OH)_2} + G_{CO_3^{2-}} - (G_{CaCO_3} + G_{H_2O}) = 77,5403 + 102,547 - (111,829 + 2*0) = 68,2583 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{CaCO_3} = G_{Ca(OH)_2} + G_{CO_3^{2-}} - (\Delta G_{eqCaCO_3} + G_{H_2O}) = 77,5403 + 102,547 - (68,2583 + 2*0) = 111,829 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{Ca(OH)_2} = \Delta G_{eqCaCO_3} - G_{CO_3^{2-}} + (G_{CaCO_3} + G_{H_2O}) = 68,2583 - 102,547 + (111,829 + 2*0) = 77,5403 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

[1] Solubility CaCO_{3(s)} + H₂O = CaOH⁺ + HCO₃⁻; K_{sp} = [CaOH⁺] * [HCO₃⁻] / [H₂O]¹ = 3,36 * 10^{^(-9)} / 55,3¹ = 10^{^(-10,2164)};

$$\Delta G_{eqCaCO_3} = -R * T * \ln(K_{eqCaCO_3}) = -8,314 * 298,15 * \ln(10^{(-10,2164)}) = 58,312 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{eqCaCO_3} = G_{CaOH^+} + G_{HCO_3^-} - (G_{CaCO_3} + G_{H_2O}) = 114,061 + 56,08 - (111,829 + 2*0) = 58,312 \text{ kJ/mol}; 114,725$$

$$G_{CaCO_3} = G_{CaOH^+} + G_{HCO_3^-} - (\Delta G_{eqCaCO_3} + G_{H_2O}) = 114,061 + 56,08 - (58,312 + 2*0) = 30,945 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{CaOH^+} = \Delta G_{eqCaCO_3} - G_{HCO_3^-} + (G_{CaCO_3} + G_{H_2O}) = 58,312 - 56,08 + (111,829 + 2*0) = 114,061 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Protolysis HCO₃⁻ + H₂O = H₃O⁺ + CO₃²⁻; pK_a = 10,33 K_{eq} = K_a / [H₂O] = 10^{^(-10,33)} / 55,3 = 10^{^(-12,07273)};

$$\Delta G_{eqHCO_3} = -R * T * \ln(K_{eqHCO_3}) = -8,314 * 298,15 * \ln(10^{(-12,07273)}) = 68,907 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{eqHCO_3} = G_{H_3O^+} + G_{CO_3^{2-}} - (G_{HCO_3^-} + G_{H_2O}) = 102,547 + 22,44 - (56,08 + 0) = 68,907 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{CO_3^{2-}} = \Delta G_{eqHCO_3} - G_{H_3O^+} + (G_{HCO_3^-} + G_{H_2O}) = 68,907 - 22,44 - (56,08 + 0) = 102,547 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Formation C_{gr} + 1,5O₂ + 2G_e = CO₃²⁻; G_{gr} = 91,26 kJ/mol; G_{O2} = 303,1 kJ/mol; G_e = 42,2185 kJ/mol;

$$\Delta G^{\circ}_{CO_3^{2-}} = G_{CO_3^{2-}} - (G_{Cgr} + 1,5G_{O_2} + 2G_{e^-}) = 102,547 - (91,26 + 1,5*303,1 + 2*42,2185) = -527,8 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$2G_{e^-} = G_{CO_3^{2-}} - (G_{Cgr} + 1,5G_{O_2} + \Delta G^{\circ}_{CO_3^{2-}}) = 102,547 - (91,26 + 1,5*303,1 + 2*(-527,8)) = 84,437 = 2*42,2185 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Formation Ca + S_{romb} + 2O₂ = CaSO_{4(s)}; G_{Sromb} = 3,5436 kJ/mol;

$$\Delta G^{\circ}_{CaSO_4} = G_{CaSO_4} - (G_{Ca} + G_{Sromb} + 2G_{O_2}) = 0 - (647,319 + 3,5436 + 2*303,1) = -1322 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{CaSO_4} = \Delta G^{\circ}_{CaSO_4} + (G_{Ca} + G_{Sromb} + 2G_{O_2}) = -1322 + (647,319 + 3,5436 + 2*303,1) = -64,9374 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

[1] Solubility CaSO_{4(s)} + 3H₂O = CaOH⁺ + SO₄²⁻ + H₃O⁺;

$$K_{sp} = [CaOH^+] * [SO_4^{2-}] * [H_3O^+] / [CaSO_4(s)] / [H_2O]^3 = 4,93 * 10^{(-5)} * 10^{(-7,36)} / 1 / 55,3^3 = 10^{(-16,895)};$$

$$\Delta G_{eqCaSO_4} = -R * T * \ln(K_{eqCaSO_4}) = -8,314 * 298,15 * \ln(10^{(-16,895)}) = 96,4315 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{eqCaSO_4} = G_{CaOH^+} + G_{SO_4^{2-}} + G_{H_3O^+} - (G_{CaSO_4} + 3G_{H_2O}) = 280,4563 + 54,9256 + 22,44 - (261,3904 + 3*0) = 96,4315 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{CaSO_4} = G_{CaOH^+} + G_{SO_4^{2-}} + G_{H_3O^+} - (\Delta G_{eqCaSO_4} + 3G_{H_2O}) = 280,4563 + 54,9256 + 22,44 - (96,4315 + 3*0) = 261,3904 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{CaOH^+} = \Delta G_{eqCaSO_4} - G_{SO_4^{2-}} - G_{H_3O^+} + (G_{CaSO_4} + 3G_{H_2O}) = 96,4315 - 54,9256 - 22,44 + (261,3904 + 3*0) = 280,4563 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

CaO Formation Ca + 0,5O₂ = CaO; ΔG^o_{CaO} = G_{CaO} - (G_{Ca} + 0,5G_{O2}) = 195,569 - (647,319 + 0,5*303,1) = -603,3 kJ/mol;

$$G_{CaO} = \Delta G^{\circ}_{CaO} + (G_{Ca} + 0,5G_{O_2}) = -603,3 + (647,319 + 0,5*303,1) = 195,569 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{Ca} = G_{CaO} - (\Delta G^{\circ}_{CaO} + 0,5G_{O_2}) = 195,569 - (-603,3 + 0,5*303,1) = 647,319 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

CaOH⁺ [1] Formation Ca + 0,5*O₂ + 0,5H₂ = CaOH⁺ + e⁻; ΔG^o_{CaOH} = G_{CaOH} + G_e - (G_{Ca} + 0,5*G_{O2} + 0,5*G_{H2}) =

$$= 101,0715 + 22,2185 - (647,319 + 0,5*303,1 + 0,5*85,64) = -718,4 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{CaOH} = \Delta G^{\circ}_{CaOH} - G_{e^-} + (G_{Ca} + 0,5*G_{O_2} + 0,5*G_{H_2}) = -718,4 - 22,2185 + (647,32 + 0,5*303,1 + 0,5*85,64) = 101,0705 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{e^-} = \Delta G^{\circ}_{CaOH} - G_{CaOH} + (G_{Ca} + 0,5*G_{O_2} + 0,5*G_{H_2}) = -718,4 - 101,071 + (647,32 + 0,5*303,1 + 0,5*85,64) = 22,2184 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Ca(OH)_{2(s)}; Formation Ca + O₂ + H₂ = Ca(OH)_{2(s)}; ΔG^o_{Ca(OH)2} = G_{Ca(OH)2} - (G_{Ca} + G_{O2} + G_{H2}) = -897,5 kJ/mol;

$$\Delta G_{formCa(OH)_2} = G_{Ca(OH)_2} - (G_{Ca} + G_{O_2} + G_{H_2}) = 138,56 - (647,32 + 303,1 + 85,64) = -897,5 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{Ca(OH)_2} = \Delta G_{formCa(OH)_2} + (G_{Ca} + G_{O_2} + G_{H_2}) = -897,5 + (647,32 + 303,1 + 85,64) = 138,56 \text{ kJ/mol}; [1]$$

$$G_{Ca} = G_{Ca(OH)_2} - (\Delta G_{formCa(OH)_2} + G_{O_2} + G_{H_2}) = 138,56 - (-897,5 + 303,1 + 85,64) = 647,32 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Base dissociation $pK_b=12,6$ [1] (protolysis) equilibrium constant $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})^+ + \text{H}_2\text{O} = [\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{2+} + \text{OH}^-$;

$$K_{eq} = K_b / [\text{H}_2\text{O}] = [\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{2+} * [\text{OH}^-] / [\text{Ca}(\text{OH})^+] / [\text{H}_2\text{O}] = 10^{(-12,6)} / 55,3 = 10^{(-14,3427)};$$

$$\Delta G_{eq}[\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{2+} = -R \cdot T \cdot \ln(K_{eq}[\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{2+}) = -8,314 \cdot 298,15 \cdot \ln(10^{(-14,3427)}) = 81,8637 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{[\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{2+}} = G_{[\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{2+}} + G_{\text{OH}^-} - (G_{\text{Ca}(\text{OH})^+} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 284,96 + 77,36 - (280,4563 + 0) = 81,8637 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Ca}(\text{OH})^+} = G_{[\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{2+}} + G_{\text{OH}^-} - (\Delta G_{[\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{2+}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 284,96 + 77,36 - (81,8637 + 0) = 280,4563 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{[\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{2+}} = \Delta G_{[\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{2+}} - G_{\text{OH}^-} + (G_{\text{Ca}(\text{OH})^+} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 81,8637 - 77,36 + (280,4563 + 0) = 284,96 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

[1] Solubility $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_{2(s)} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3^{2+} + 2\text{OH}^-$;

$$K_{eq}\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2 = [\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3^{2+}] * [\text{OH}^-]^2 / [\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_{2s}] / [\text{H}_2\text{O}]^3 = 5,02 \cdot 10^{(-6)} / 1/55,3^3 = 2,96844 \cdot 10^{(-11)} = 10^{(-10,5275)};$$

$$\Delta G_{eq}\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2 = -R \cdot T \cdot \ln(K_{eq}\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2) = -8,314 \cdot 298,15 \cdot \ln(10^{(-10,5275)}) = 60,0877 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{eq}\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2 = G_{\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3^{2+}} + 2G_{\text{OH}^-} - (G_{\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 51,5763 + 2 \cdot 77,36 - (146,20857 + 3 \cdot 0) = 60,08773 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2} = G_{\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3^{2+}} + 2G_{\text{OH}^-} - (\Delta G_{eq}\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2 + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 51,5763 + 2 \cdot 77,36 - (60,08773 + 3 \cdot 0) = 146,20857 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

[1] Formation $\text{Ca} + \text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}} = \text{CaCl}_2$; $\Delta G_{\text{FormatCaCl}_2} = G_{\text{CaCl}_2} - (G_{\text{Ca}} + G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 231,103 - (647,319 + 332,584) = -748,8 \text{ kJ/mol}$;

$$G_{\text{CaCl}_2} = \Delta G_{\text{FormatCaCl}_2} + (G_{\text{Ca}} + G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = -748,8 + (647,319 + 332,584) = 231,103 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$G_{\text{Ca}} = G_{\text{CaCl}_2} - (\Delta G_{\text{FormatCaCl}_2} + G_{\text{Cl}_2^{\text{gas}}}) = 231,103 - (-748,8 + 332,584) = 647,319 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Subility $\text{CaCl}_{2(s)} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{Ca}^{2+} + 2\text{Cl}^-$; $81,3 \text{ g/1000mL H}_2\text{O}$; $M_{\text{PbCl}_2} = 110,984 \text{ g/mol}$; 25°C density $1,46923 \text{ g/mL}$; [1]

https://www.engineeringtoolbox.com/calcium-chloride-water-d_1186.html

$1469,23 \text{ g/L}$; $w\% = 81,3 / (81,3 + 99,6) \cdot 100\% = 44,941956\%$;

$44,941956 / 100\text{g} = X / 1469,23$; $X = 44,941956 / 100 \cdot 1469,23 = 660,3 \text{ g}$; $[\text{CaCl}_2] = 660,3 / 110,984 = 5,949506 \text{ M}$;

$m\text{H}_2\text{O} = 1469 - 660,3 = 808,7$; $n\text{H}_2\text{O} = 808,7 / 18,015 = 44,890369 \text{ M}$;

Solubility $\text{CaCl}_{2(s)} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3^{2+} + 2\text{Cl}^-$; $K_{sp} = [\text{Ca}^{2+}] * [\text{Cl}^-]^2 = 5,949506 \cdot (2 \cdot 5,949506)^2 = 842,36965$;

$$K_{eq}\text{CaCl}_2 = K_{sp} / [\text{H}_2\text{O}]^3 = 842,36965 / 44,89^3 = 0,00931223 = 9,31 \cdot 10^{(-3)} = 10^{(-2,03095)}$$

$$\Delta G_{eq}\text{CaCl}_2 = -R \cdot T \cdot \ln(K_{eq}\text{CaCl}_2) = -8,314 \cdot 298,15 \cdot \ln(0,00931223) = 11,592 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$\Delta G_{eq}\text{CaCl}_2 = G_{\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3^{2+}} + 2G_{\text{Cl}^-} - (G_{\text{CaCl}_2} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 51,5763 + 2G_{\text{Cl}^-} - (231,103 + 3 \cdot 0) = 11,592 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

$$2G_{\text{Cl}^-} = \Delta G_{eq}\text{CaCl}_2 - G_{\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3^{2+}} + (G_{\text{CaCl}_2} + 3G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}) = 11,592 - 51,5763 + (231,103 + 3 \cdot 0) = 191,119 = 2 \cdot 95,5594 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Substance	$\Delta H^\circ_{\text{H}}$, kJ/mol	$\Delta S^\circ_{\text{H}}$, J/mol/K	$\Delta G^\circ_{\text{H}}$, kJ/mol
Mg^{2+}	-466.9	-138.1	-454.8
MgOH^+	-	-	-626.7
$\text{Mg}(\text{OH})_{2(s)}$	-924.5	63.2	-833.5

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$$\Delta G^\circ = \Delta H^\circ_{\text{H}} - T \cdot \Delta S^\circ_{\text{H}} = -466.9 - 298.15 \cdot -0.1381 = -425.7255 \text{ kJ/mol};$$

Base dissociation $pK_b=11,4$ [1] (protolysis) equilibrium constant $\text{Mg}(\text{OH})^+ + \text{H}_2\text{O} = [\text{Mg}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{2+} + \text{OH}^-$;

$$K_{eq} = K_b / [\text{H}_2\text{O}] = [\text{Mg}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{2+} * [\text{OH}^-] / [\text{Mg}(\text{OH})^+] / [\text{H}_2\text{O}] = 10^{(-11,4)} / 55,3 = 10^{(-14,3427)};$$

[1] Solubility $\text{Mg}(\text{OH})_{2s} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{Mg}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3^{2+} + 2\text{OH}^-$;

$$K_{sp} = [\text{Mg}^{2+}] * [\text{OH}^-]^2 / [\text{Mg}(\text{OH})_{2s}] / [\text{H}_2\text{O}]^3 = 5,61 \cdot 10^{(-12)} / 1/55,3^3 = 10^{(-25,149)};$$

[1] Solubility $\text{MgCO}_{3(s)} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{MgOH}^+ + \text{HCO}_3^-$;

$$K_{sp} = [\text{MgOH}^+] * [\text{HCO}_3^{2-}] / [\text{MgCO}_{3s}] / [\text{H}_2\text{O}]^2 = 2,24 \cdot 10^{(-11)} / 1/55,3^2 = 10^{(-25,149)};$$

Base dissociation $pK_b=14,8$ [1] (protolysis) equilibrium constant $\text{Na}(\text{OH}) + \text{H}_2\text{O} = [\text{Na}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^+ + \text{OH}^-$;

$$K_{eq} = K_b / [\text{H}_2\text{O}] = [\text{Na}(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^+ * [\text{OH}^-] / [\text{Na}(\text{OH})] / [\text{H}_2\text{O}] = 10^{(-14,8)} / 55,3 = 10^{(-14,3427)};$$

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